



# Well regulated irrigation – key to water control



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# Controlling soil water content



Cocoa, Juazeiro, Northeastern Brazil

Farmer underestimate soil water content easily by 30 %  
→ No efficient irrigation without soil water content control

# Rio Sao Francisco Brazil



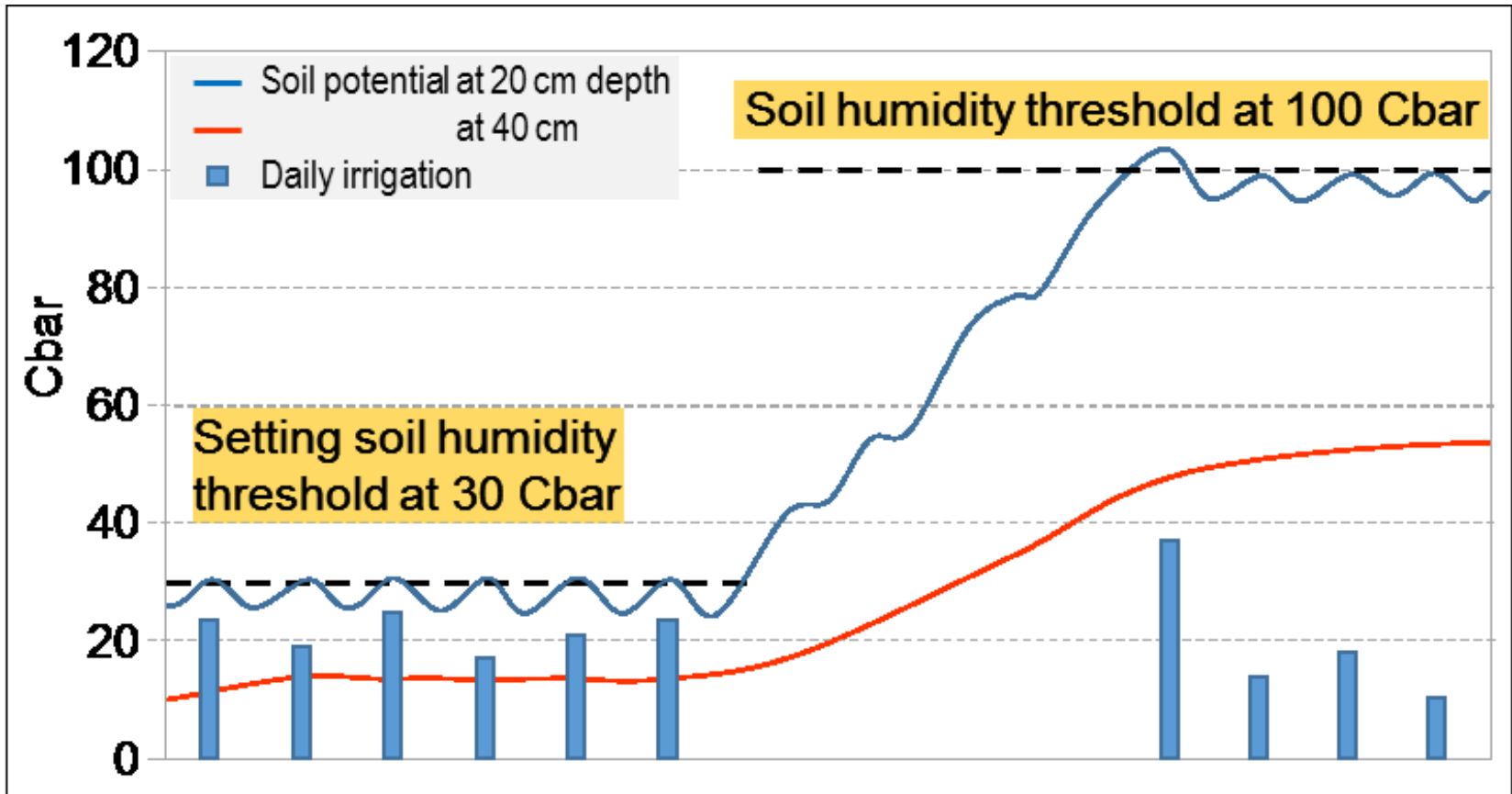
Abundant water is still available but first restrictions are in place

# Soil water control



- no cabeling necessary
  - easy to handle
  - low cost
- New soil moisture probes for LoRa are finding their way to the market
- Smart phone application makes a difference!

# Non-restricted and regulated deficit



Automated control allows for driving different water regimes

# Meteo stations & sensors are getting much cheaper



ex. Agriscope

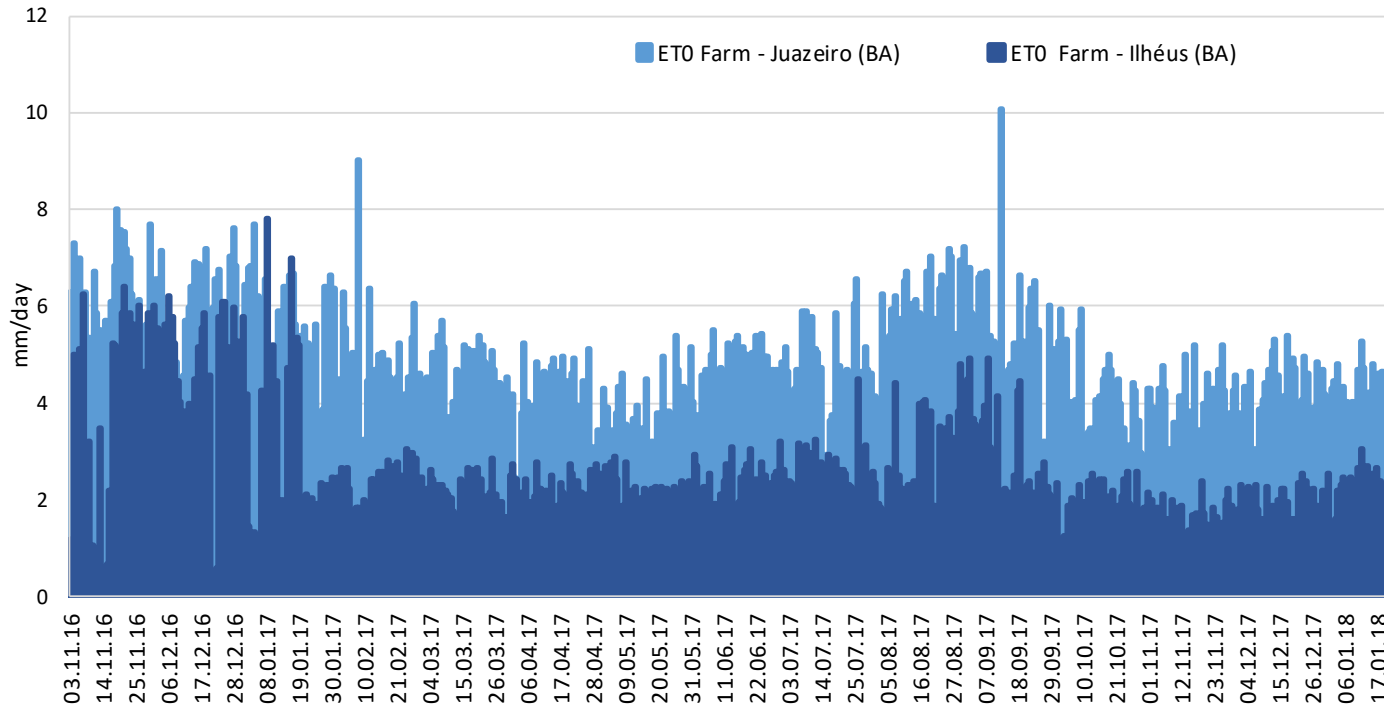
ex. Pessl is including weather forecast for irrigation steering



flowmeter & electric valve



# ET0 as a base for the irrigation regulation



$$\text{mm irrigation} = \text{ET0} * \text{Leaf area index} * \text{crop constance}$$

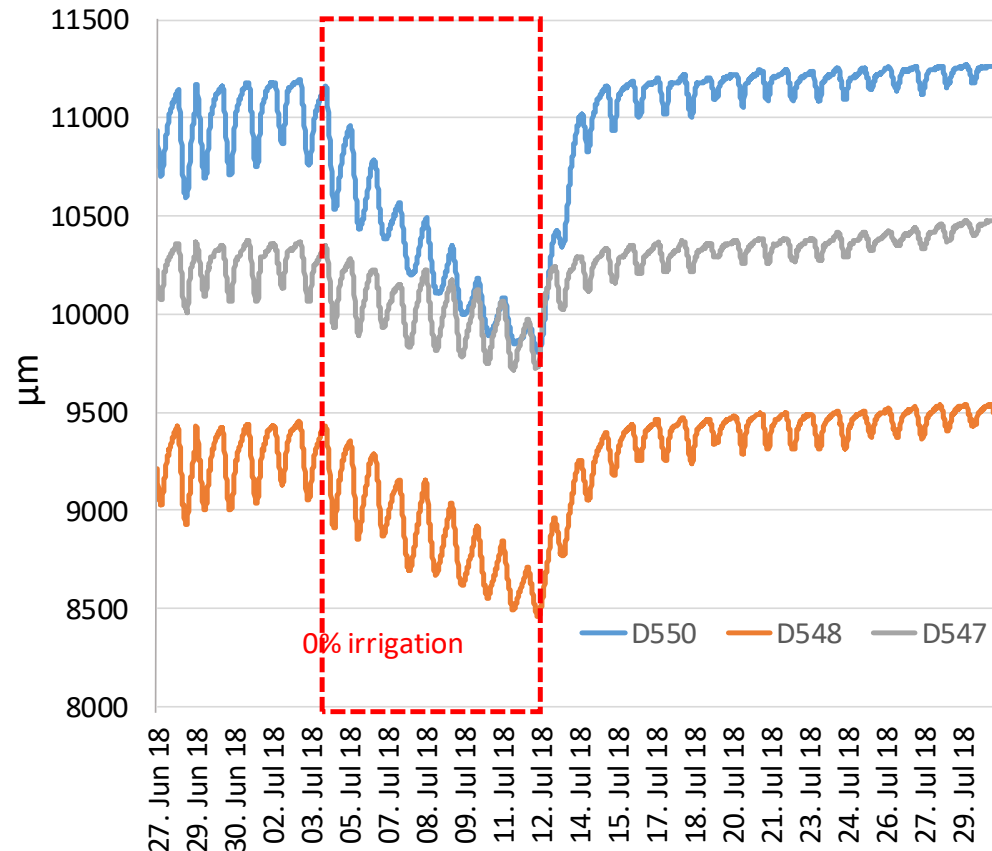
## Cocoa tree adapt well to drip irrigation



fine roots are concentrated below the dripperline



# Dendrometers are useful stress indicators for fruit trees



stop of irrigation → shrinkage of the stem → very strong stress

## Cocoa: Shaded and wind protected trees have a better performance

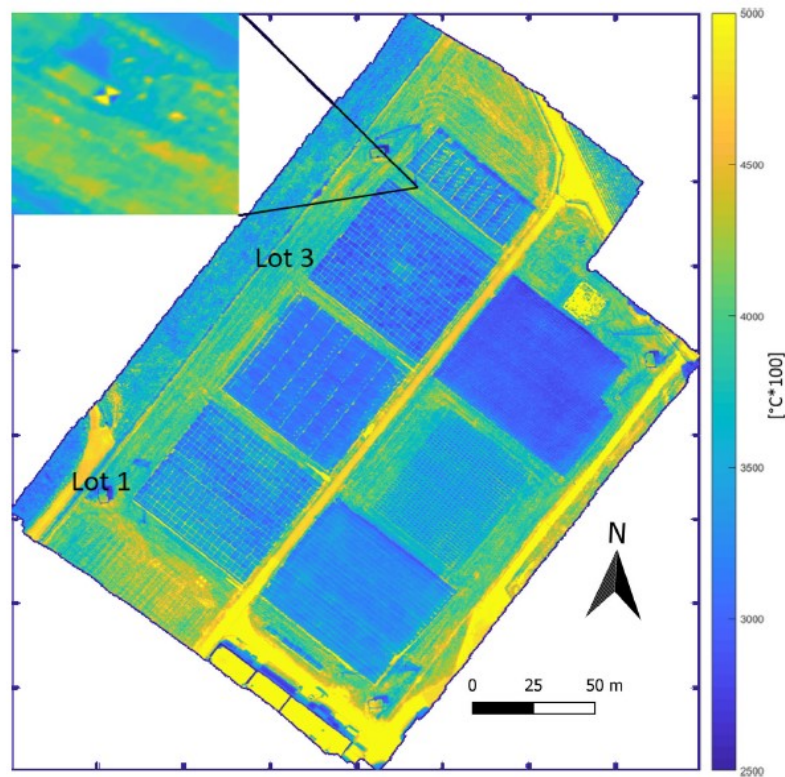
- Shaded trees performed about 10-20 % better than unshaded ones
- Shading decreased the water need of about 30 %
- Is it worth to invest in shading nets or using other trees for shading?
- Good windbreaks are essential – cocoa is very sensitive against wind!



→ Details see “cocoa handbook” <http://smartfarming.agroscope.ch/>  
(teleagronomy for apple and cocoa)

# Thermal cameras for drones

- Interesting relative comparisons
- Not yet a standard tool for farmers



(Perich et al. 2020)

# Switzerland: Irrigation of potatoes (A. Keiser, HAFL)

- network of Sentek probes for potatoe production in CH
- accurate irrigation is important for quality & yield
- 200 locations are online
- [www.bewaesserungsnetz.ch](http://www.bewaesserungsnetz.ch)



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über die Messungen

### Grafiken nutzen für Fortgeschrittene

Erklärungen zu häufigen Fragen zu den Sondengrafiken: Muss ich immer bei der Schwelle bewässern? Wie werden die Grafiken eingestellt und was bedeuten die Zahlen neben

Ressourcenprojekt "Effizienz Irrigation Vaud"

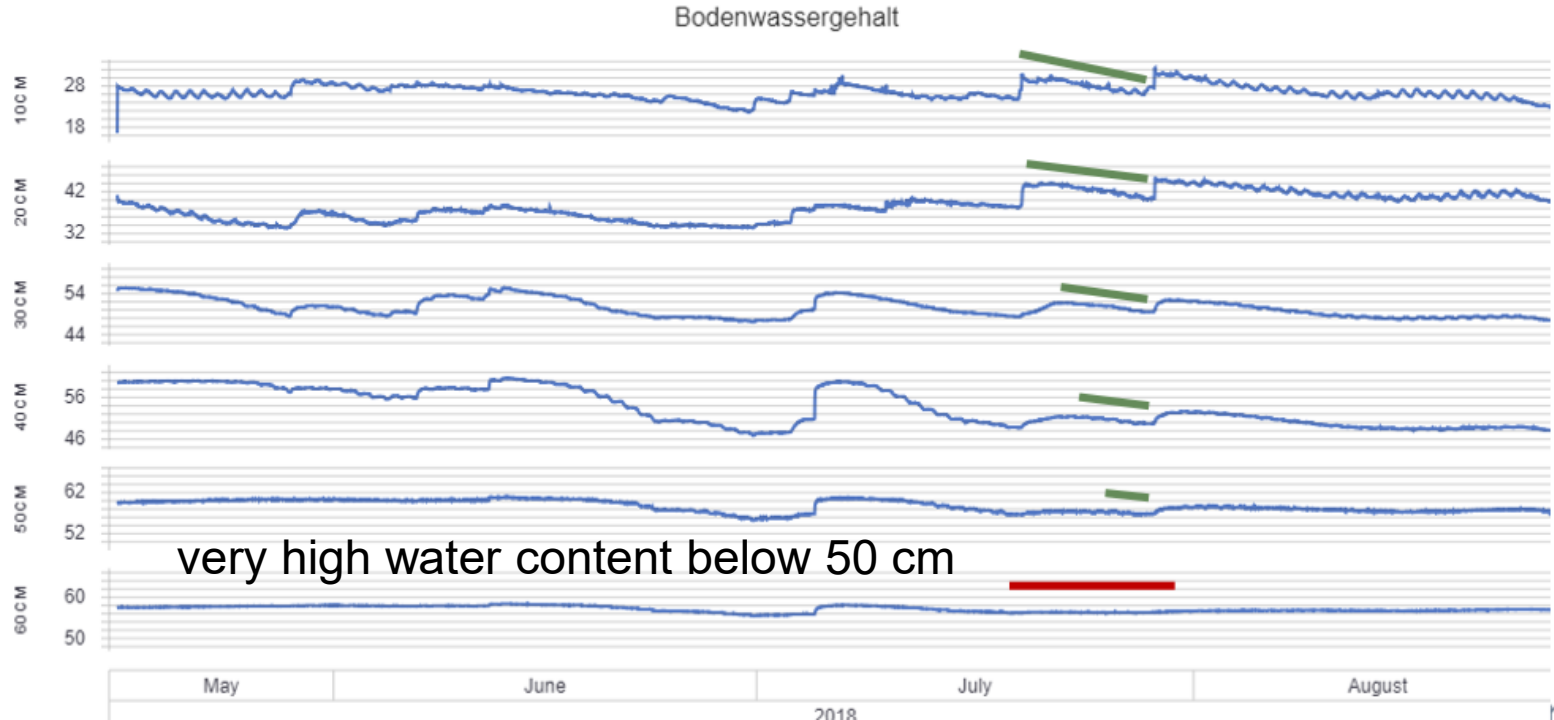
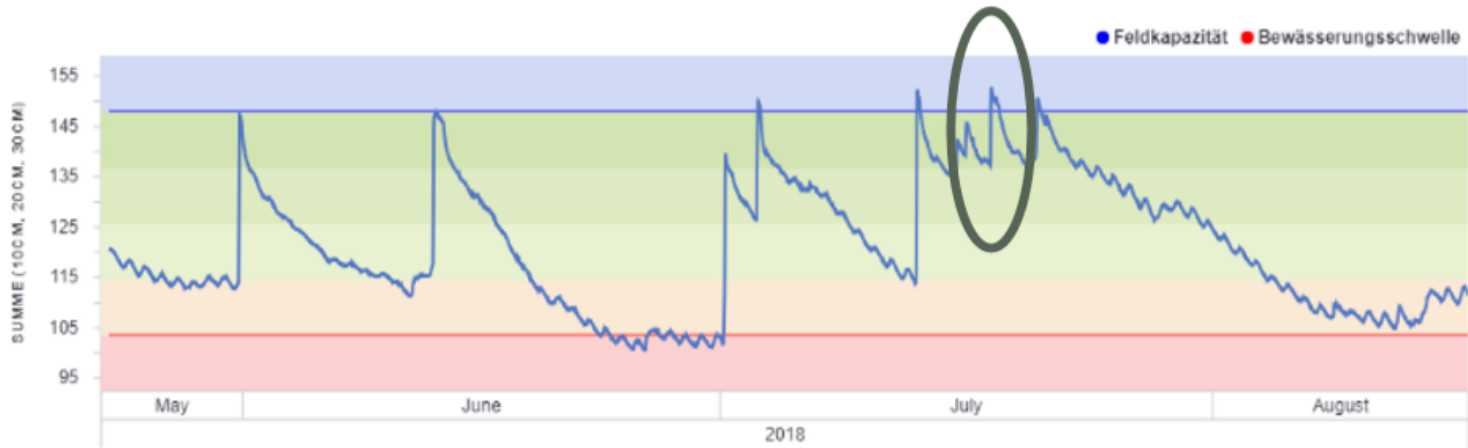
### Mit der Hitze steigt der Wasserbedarf

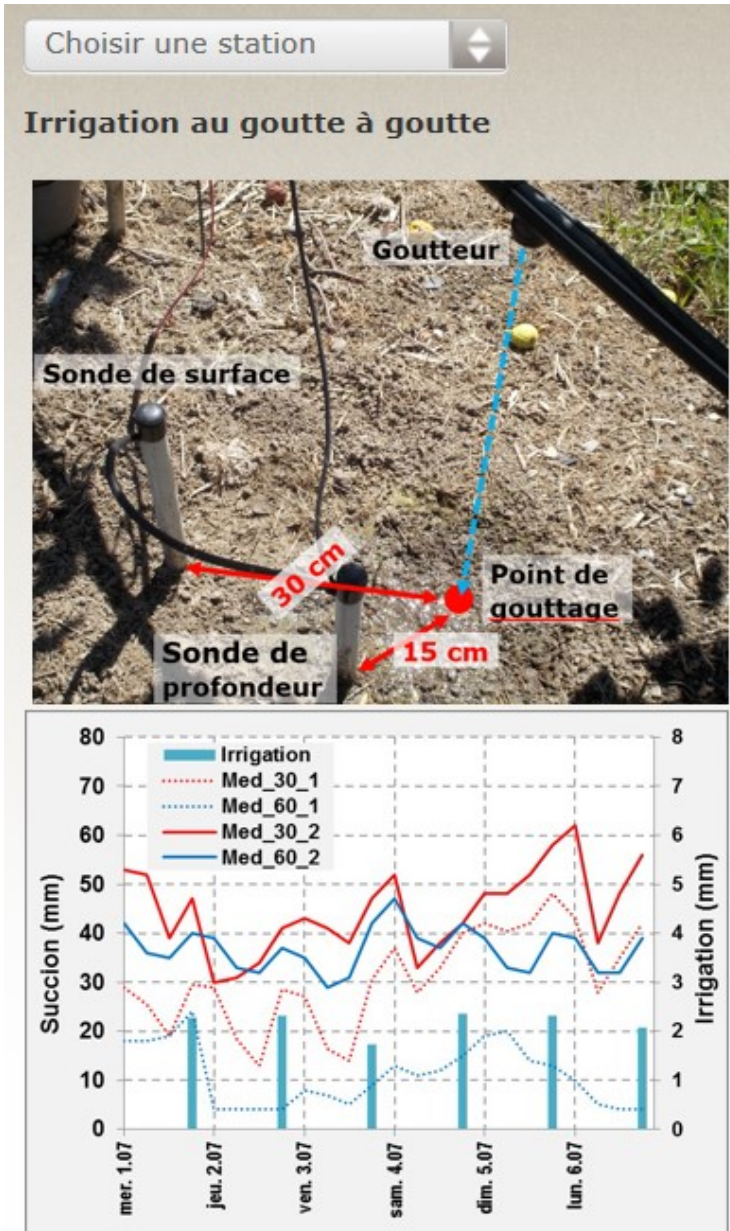
Nach dem niederschlagsreichen Saisonstart steigt der Wasserbedarf der Kulturen an und die Punkte verfärben sich Richtung orange und rot.

Station	Seriennummer
Adlikon	861403
Aetingen	512269
Aristau	511779
Aristau	511779
Arnex-sur-Orbe	510450
Bad Zurzach	511821
Ballmoos	861481



# Potatoe have shallow roots (A. Keiser, HAFL)

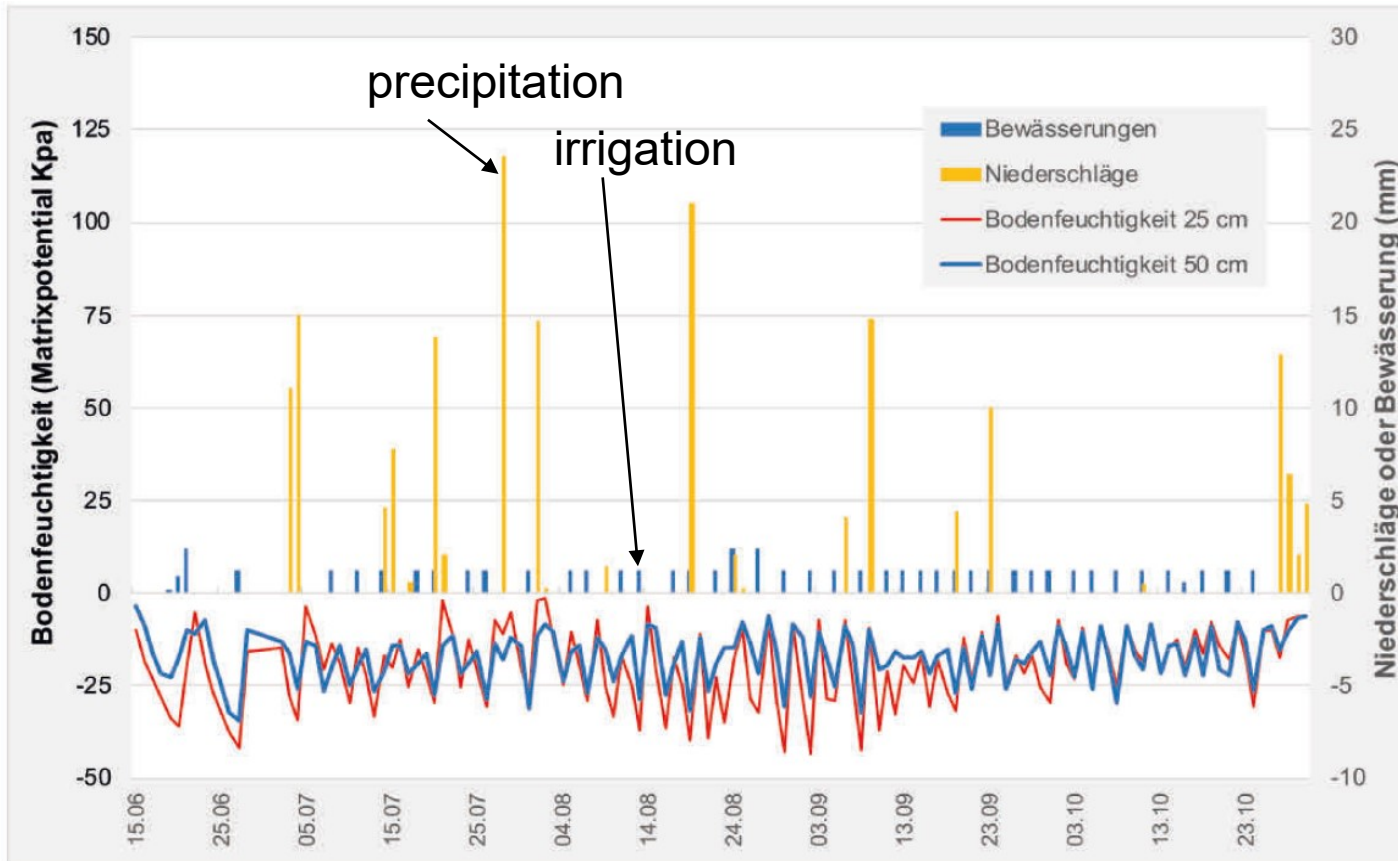




- watermark probes are installed in about 10 orchards (at least 6 probes per orchard) in 30 and 60 cm depth
- some farmers have an automated irrigation system installed

(Ph. Monney, Agroscope, Conthey)

# Switzerland: automated control of soil moisture in apple orchards



(Ph. Monney, Agroscope, Conthey)

# Monitoring fruit growth is demanded by farmers



(Monney & Anken 2019)

- irrigation: main driver for fruit growth
- quality payment depend on fruit sizes



 Thank you!



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**Irrigation and soil water content**

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