



# PROXYLCA

## A scalable proxy-based approach to closing life cycle inventory (LCI) data gaps of food imports

**Clara Payró, Justine Brun, Maria Bystricky, Oliver Taherzadeh, Paul Behrens, Mélanie Douziech**

Ökobilanz Plattform – May 5th 2026



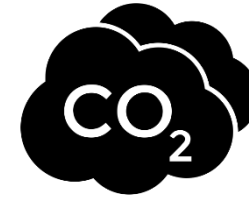
# Context: impacts of our food system



70% of global  
freshwater extraction<sup>1</sup>



50% of habitable  
land occupation<sup>2</sup>



25-35% of total global  
GHG emissions<sup>3</sup>



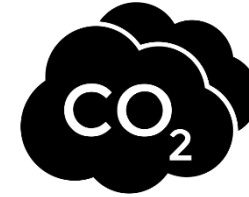
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1/3 of agricultural emissions are linked to trade<sup>1</sup>



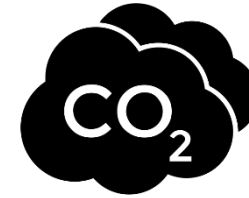
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→ Importing country as a lever for environmental impact mitigation



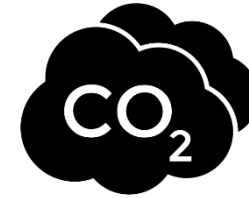
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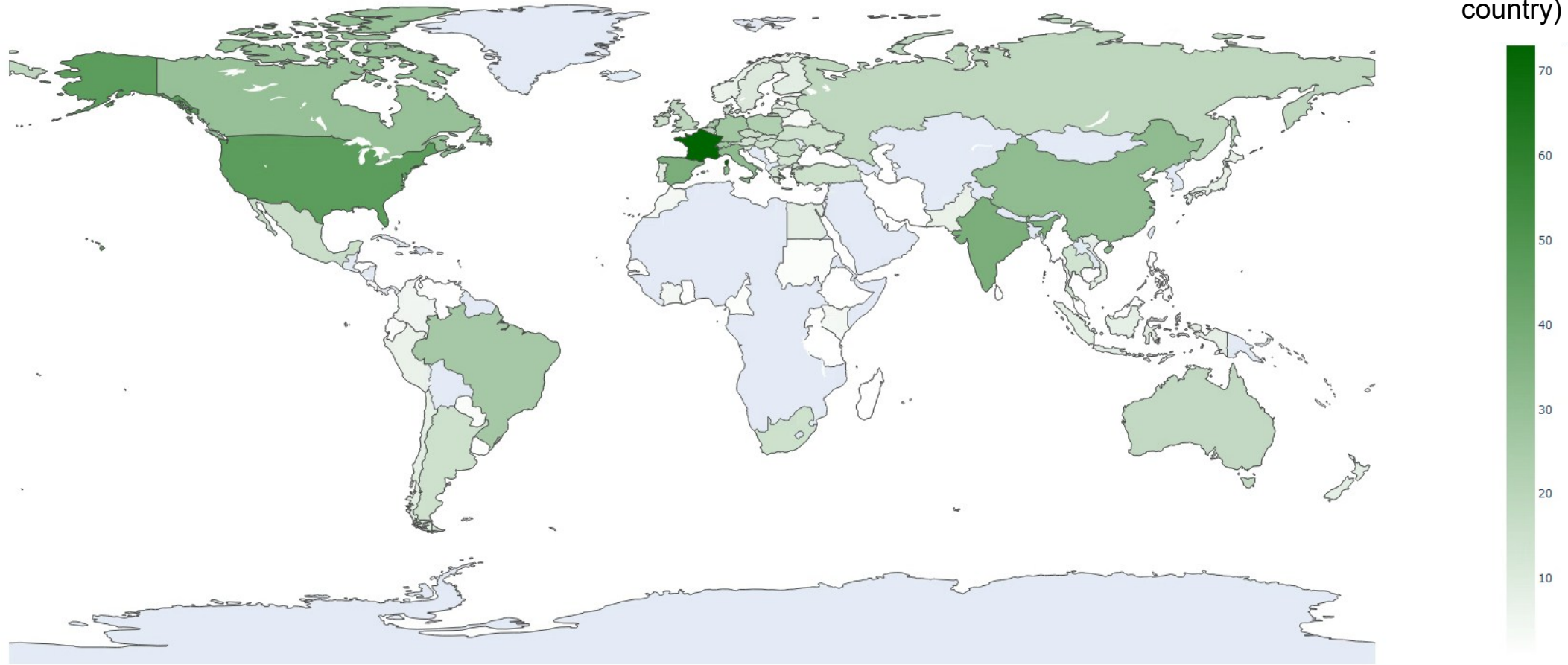
→ Importing country as a lever for environmental impact mitigation

→ Life Cycle Assessment for the environmental impact assessment of products from around the world



# Problem: Environmental Impact Data of Food Products are missing

# of unique food product data  
(max 73 in a single country)

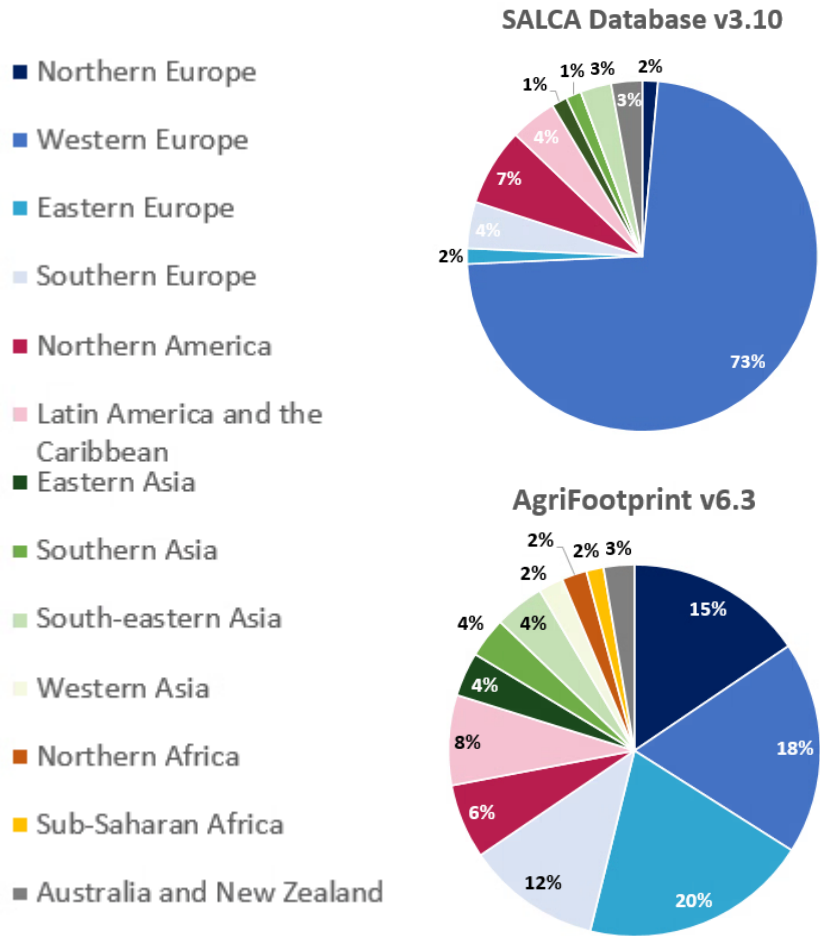


**Limited geographical coverage of at-farm food products across 5 databases**  
(Agri-footprint, Agribalyse, World Food Life Cycle Database, SALCA, ecoinvent)



# Problem: Choosing a single database is difficult

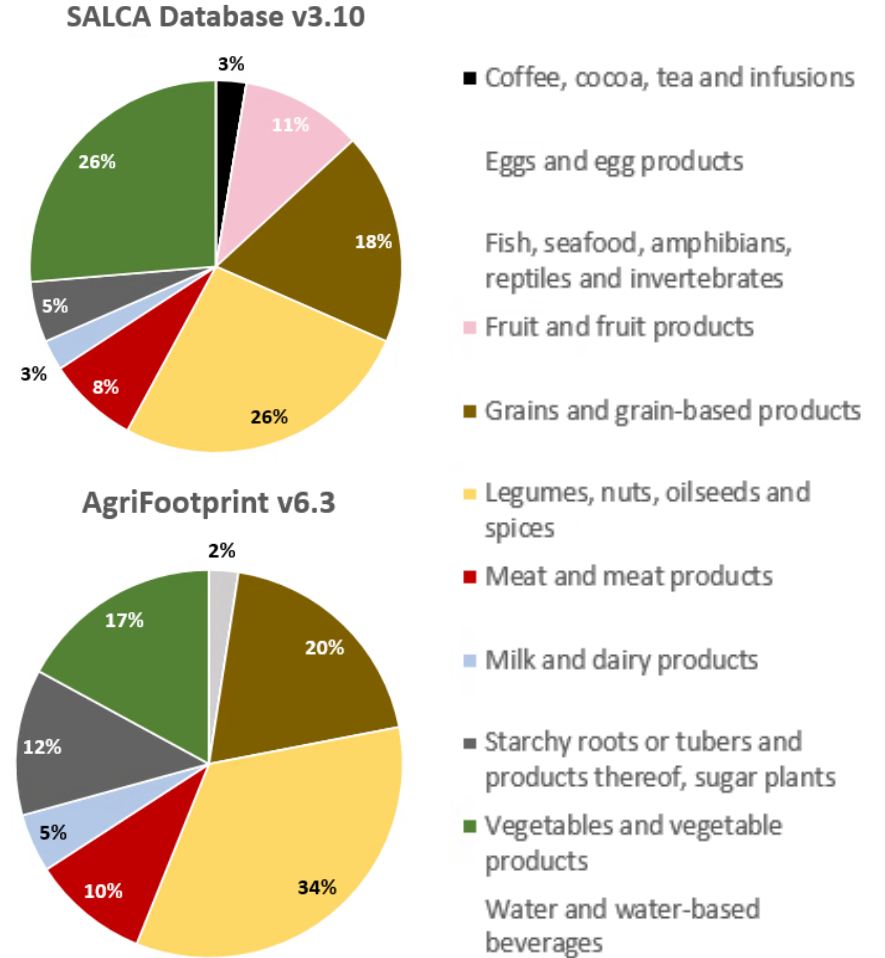
### Geographical coverage



Data limited to Western Europe, more variety of products



### Product coverage



Broader geographical coverage, but no data on fruits

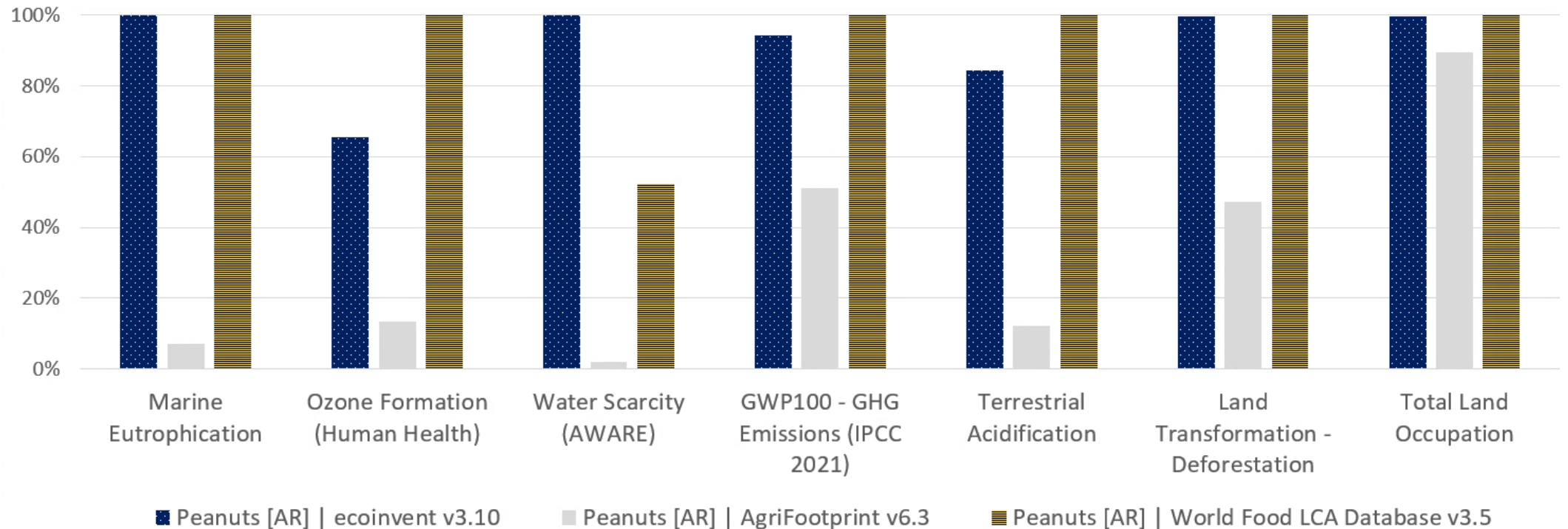




# Problem: Sources of environmental impact data cannot be combined

Environmental Impacts for the same product and country can be widely different across LCI databases

Environmental Impacts of Peanuts in Argentina across different databases





# Solution: PROXYLCA Framework



- No single database currently provides comprehensive coverage of all countries and food products.



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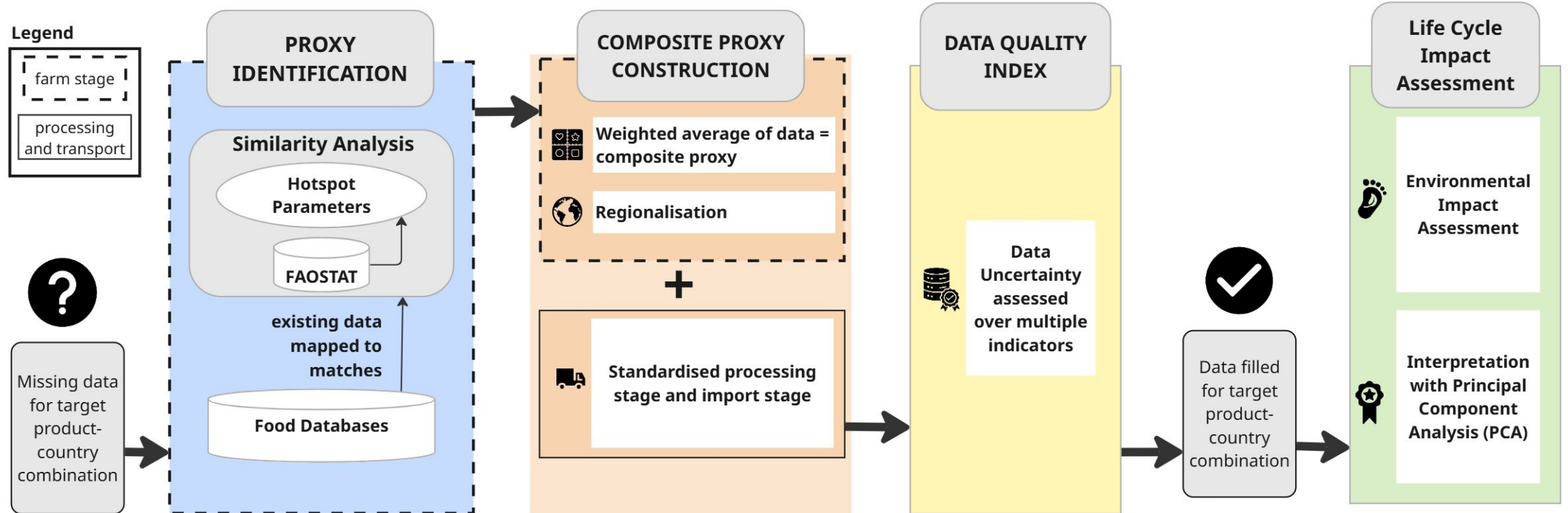
- Using Apples imported to Switzerland as a case study



# **PROXYLCA:** **methods behind the framework**

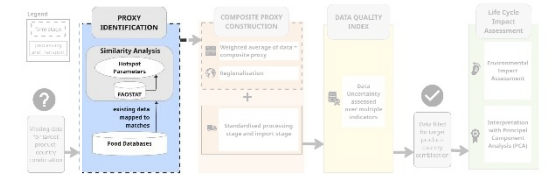


# PROXYLCA: methods structured around 4 pillars





# PROXYLCA: Proxy Identification



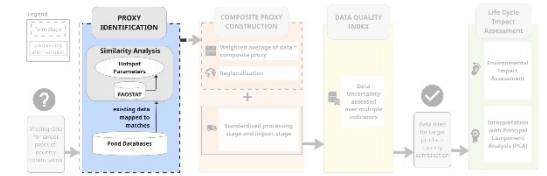
## Number of data inventory per country for Apples across LCA databases

Database	# of countries represented per database
Agribalyse v3.1 - SimaPro	1
SALCA Database v3.10	2
<b>ecoinvent v3.10 - SimaPro</b>	<b>5</b>
World Food LCA Database v3.5 - SimaPro	4
All databases	8

1. Define a single database per target products
  - e.g. our target combination is Apples produced in Switzerland

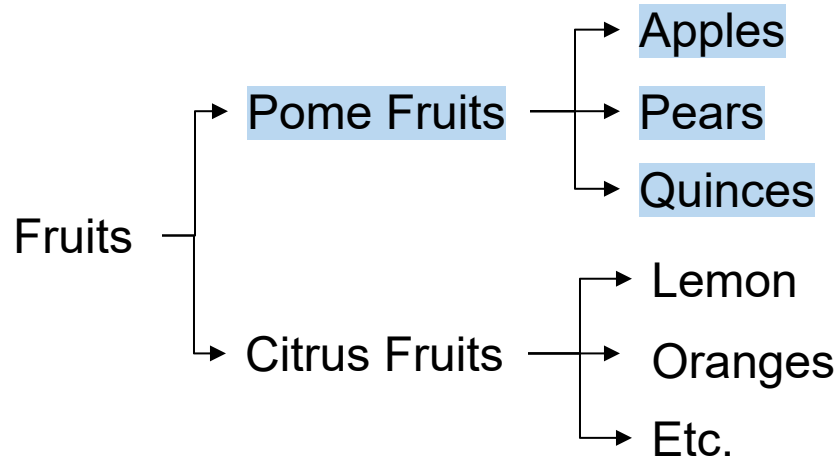


# PROXYLCA: Proxy Identification



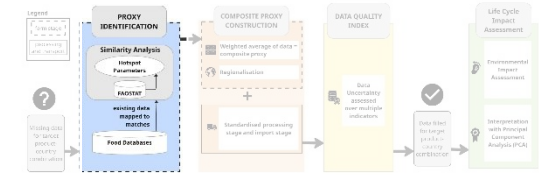
Case Description	Example target combination	Example identified proxy
Case "Perfect Match": Same product & same country	Apples in Switzerland	Apples in Switzerland
Case 1: Same product & different country	Apples in Switzerland	Apples in France
Case 2: Substitute product, same country	Apples in Switzerland	Pears in Switzerland
Case 3: Substitute product, different country	Apples in Switzerland	Pears in France

2. Identify possible substitute products within same product category





# PROXYLCA: Proxy Identification



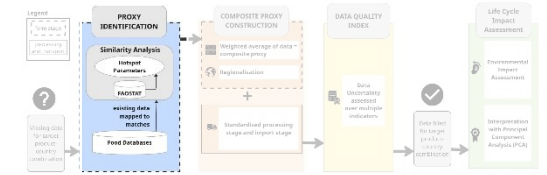
Target Product	Target Country	Proxy Country	Proxy Product	Hotspot parameters		
				Yield (kg /ha)	Cropland nitrogen per unit area (kg/ha)	Total pesticides use per area of cropland (kg/ha)
Apples	Switzerland	Switzerland	Apples	59305.94	145.90	4.83
Apples	Switzerland	Switzerland	Quinces	59907.55	145.90	4.83
Apples	Switzerland	Switzerland	Pears	53755.52	145.90	4.83
Apples	Switzerland	Chile	Apples	49656.00	88.89	7.79
Apples	Switzerland	Albania	Quinces	56192.04	66.58	0.67
Apples	Switzerland	Italy	Apples	42455.24	71.13	5.43
Apples	Switzerland	New Zealand	Apples	57594.16	28.45	8.54
Apples	Switzerland	Austria	Apples	41574.02	67.87	3.98
Apples	Switzerland	Netherlands (Kingd	Apples	39963.70	170.68	8.89
Apples	Switzerland	New Zealand	Pears	52745.56	28.45	8.54
Apples	Switzerland	Netherlands (Kingd	Pears	37140.70	170.68	8.89
Apples	Switzerland	United Kingdom of	Apples	35293.58	120.97	2.82
Apples	Switzerland	South Africa	Apples	40990.94	25.75	3.29
Apples	Switzerland	United States of A	Apples	39059.46	38.31	2.96

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3. Hotspot parameters (defined by existing literature<sup>1)</sup>) extracted from FAOSTAT for all countries



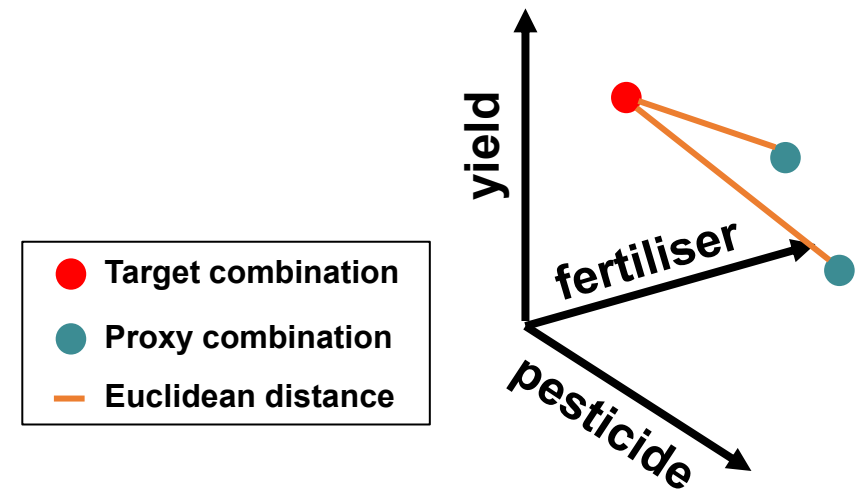
# PROXYLCA: Proxy Identification



Target Product	Target Country	Proxy Country	Proxy Product	Hotspot parameters			Distance to Target (euclidean distance)	Rank
				Yield (kg /ha)	Cropland nitrogen per unit area (kg/ha)	Total pesticides use per area of cropland (kg/ha)		
Apples	Switzerland	Switzerland	Apples	59305.94	145.90	4.83	0.00	1
Apples	Switzerland	Switzerland	Quinces	59907.55	145.90	4.83	0.06	2
Apples	Switzerland	Switzerland	Pears	53755.52	145.90	4.83	0.57	3
Apples	Switzerland	Chile	Apples	49656.00	88.89	7.79	1.55	4
Apples	Switzerland	Albania	Quinces	56192.04	66.58	0.67	1.70	5
Apples	Switzerland	Italy	Apples	42455.24	71.13	5.43	2.13	6
Apples	Switzerland	New Zealand	Apples	57594.16	28.45	8.54	2.17	7
Apples	Switzerland	Austria	Apples	41574.02	67.87	3.98	2.24	8
Apples	Switzerland	Netherlands (Kingd	Apples	39963.70	170.68	8.89	2.25	9
Apples	Switzerland	New Zealand	Pears	52745.56	28.45	8.54	2.26	10
Apples	Switzerland	Netherlands (Kingd	Pears	37140.70	170.68	8.89	2.50	11
Apples	Switzerland	United Kingdom of	Apples	35293.58	120.97	2.82	2.53	12
Apples	Switzerland	South Africa	Apples	40990.94	25.75	3.29	2.76	13
Apples	Switzerland	United States of A	Apples	39059.46	38.31	2.96	2.77	14

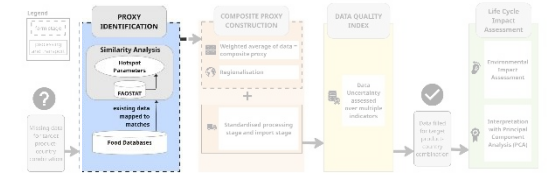
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4. **Similarity Analysis** based on hotspot parameters to identify country-product combinations most similar to a target combination





# PROXYLCA: Proxy Identification



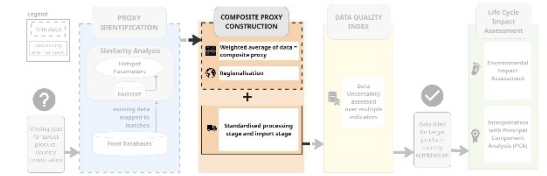
Target Product	Target Country	Proxy Country	Proxy Product	Hotspot parameters			Distance to Target (euclidean distance)	Rank	Inventory Data Existing
				Yield (kg /ha)	Cropland nitrogen per unit area (kg/ha)	Total pesticides use per area of cropland (kg/ha)			
Apples	Switzerland	Switzerland	Apples	59305.94	145.90	4.83	0.00	1	No
Apples	Switzerland	Switzerland	Quinces	59907.55	145.90	4.83	0.06	2	No
Apples	Switzerland	Switzerland	Pears	53755.52	145.90	4.83	0.57	3	No
Apples	Switzerland	Chile	Apples	49656.00	88.89	7.79	1.55	4	Yes
Apples	Switzerland	Albania	Quinces	56192.04	66.58	0.67	1.70	5	No
Apples	Switzerland	Italy	Apples	42455.24	71.13	5.43	2.13	6	Yes
Apples	Switzerland	New Zealand	Apples	57594.16	28.45	8.54	2.17	7	No
Apples	Switzerland	Austria	Apples	41574.02	67.87	3.98	2.24	8	No
Apples	Switzerland	Netherlands (Kingd	Apples	39963.70	170.68	8.89	2.25	9	No
Apples	Switzerland	New Zealand	Pears	52745.56	28.45	8.54	2.26	10	No
Apples	Switzerland	Netherlands (Kingd	Pears	37140.70	170.68	8.89	2.50	11	No
Apples	Switzerland	United Kingdom of	Apples	35293.58	120.97	2.82	2.53	12	No
Apples	Switzerland	South Africa	Apples	40990.94	25.75	3.29	2.76	13	Yes
Apples	Switzerland	United States of A	Apples	39059.46	38.31	2.96	2.77	14	Yes

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5. Mapping to available LCI in a single database



# PROXYLCA: Composite Proxy Construction

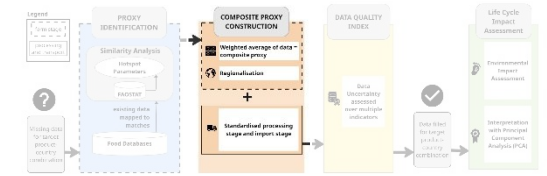


- No single best proxy → **weighted average based on Euclidean distance**
- Composite proxy construction is done at-farm gate only → processed products and importing stages are added separately

Target Product	Target Country	Proxy Country	Proxy Product	Hotspot parameters			Distance to Target (euclidean distance)	Rank	Inventory Data Existing	database	LCI Name	Weighted Average
				Yield (kg /ha)	Cropland nitrogen per unit area (kg/ha)	Total pesticides use per area of cropland (kg/ha)						
Apples	Switzerland	Chile	Apples	49656.00	88.89	7.79	1.55	4	Yes	ecoinvent v3	Apple {CL}  app	20.0%
Apples	Switzerland	Italy	Apples	42455.24	71.13	5.43	2.13	6	Yes	ecoinvent v3	Apple {IT}  appl	14.6%
Apples	Switzerland	South Africa	Apples	40990.94	25.75	3.29	2.76	13	Yes	ecoinvent v3	Apple {ZA}  app	11.2%
Apples	Switzerland	United States of A	Apples	39059.46	38.31	2.96	2.77	14	Yes	ecoinvent v3	Apple {US}  app	11.2%
Apples	Switzerland	South Africa	Pears	36389.40	25.75	3.29	3.10	21	Yes	ecoinvent v3	Pear {ZA}  pear	10.0%
Apples	Switzerland	Belgium	Pears	34396.08	273.01	6.47	3.33	24	Yes	ecoinvent v3	Pear {BE}  pear	9.3%
Apples	Switzerland	Argentina	Pears	28774.38	21.40	5.24	3.74	29	Yes	ecoinvent v3	Pear {AR}  pear	8.3%
Apples	Switzerland	China	Apples	22128.72	154.46	2.03	3.85	33	Yes	ecoinvent v3	Apple {CN}  app	8.0%
Apples	Switzerland	China	Pears	19192.86	154.46	2.03	4.15	46	Yes	ecoinvent v3	Pear {CN}  pear	7.5%



# PROXYLCA: Composite Proxy Construction



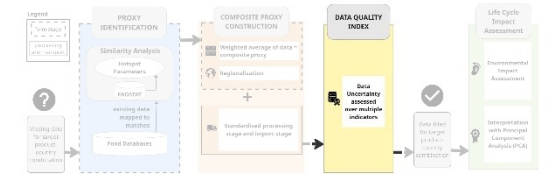
- No single best proxy → **weighted average based on Euclidean distance**
- Composite proxy construction is done at-farm gate only → processed products and importing stages are added separately
- **Regionalisation (in progress)**

Characterisation factors adapted to match the target country (here CH)

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Apples	Switzerland	China	Pears	19192.86	154.46	2.03	4.15	46	Yes	ecoinvent v3	Pear ( <del>CN</del> ) pear	7.5%



# PROXYLCA: Data Quality Index (DQI)



Every data quality indicator is ranked from a score of 1 (high data quality/low uncertainty) to 5 (low data quality/high uncertainty).

Target Product	Target Country	FoodEx2 Code	Average Rank	Similarity Score	# of LCI within composite proxy	Sample Size Score	Average Year of LCI	Temporal Score	Average DQI score of LCI	LCI with missing reported DQI	Precision Score	# of LCI in a different technological cluster	Technological Correlation Score	Overall DQI
Apples	Switzerland	A01DJ	21.11	1	9	2	2009.6	4	2.751	2	2	9	5	2.8

How similar are the selected proxies to the target country-product.

Number of proxies used to form a composite proxy

Weighted average age of proxies within a composite proxy

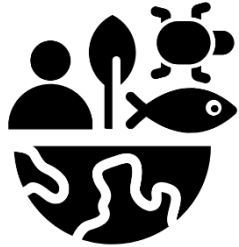
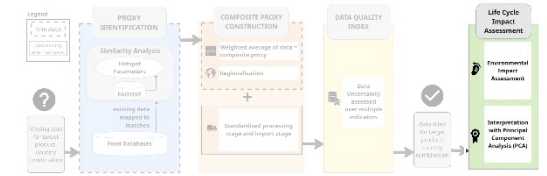
Average original data quality score of proxies

Alignment of proxy inventories with qualitative agricultural practices (types of pesticide, animal feed composition)

Simple average of all the other scores



# PROXYLCA: Life Cycle Impact Assessment (LCIA)



## Comprehensive impact assessment

- With 20+ impact indicators (e.g., eutrophication, water scarcity, ecotoxicity, climate change).



## Principal Component Analysis (PCA)<sup>1</sup>

- Identifies key impact categories that capture the strongest correlations
  - E.g. for ecoinvent v3.11 (food only): Water Use, Biodiversity, Terrestrial and Freshwater Ecotoxicity
- Simplified interpretation but avoids subjective weighting

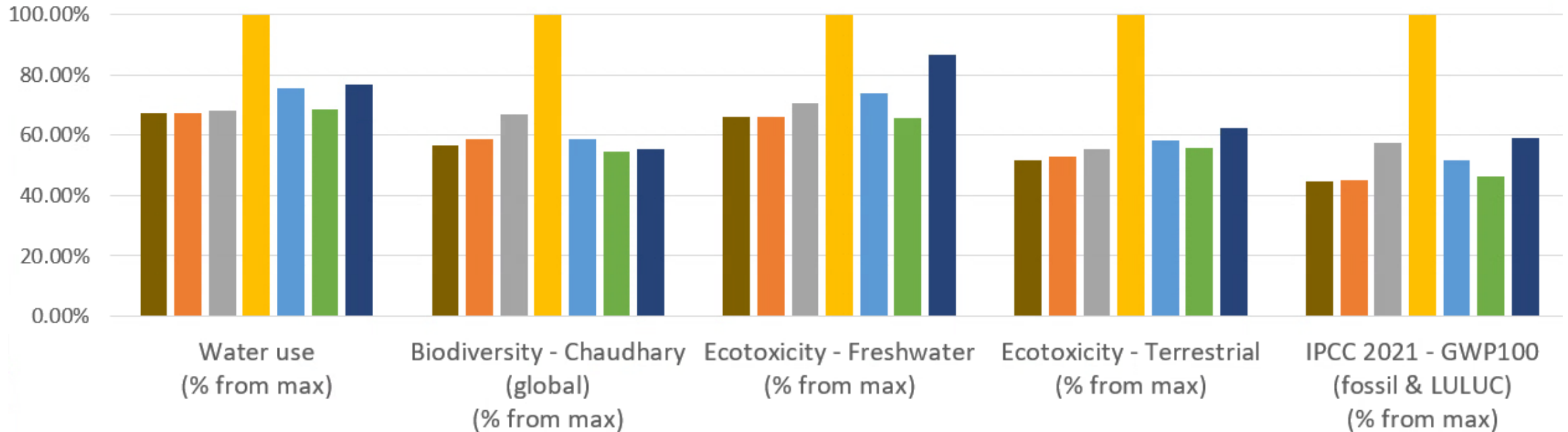


# PROXYLCA: Preliminary Results



# PROXYLCA: Results Example for Apples

At-Farm environmental impacts for 1kg of apples produced in 7 different countries



■ Composite Proxy Apples New Zealand | DQI = 3

■ Composite Proxy Apples Switzerland | DQI = 2.8

■ Composite Proxy Apples Chile | DQI = 3

■ Composite Proxy Apples China | DQI = 3.4

■ Composite Proxy Apples Italy | DQI = 2.8

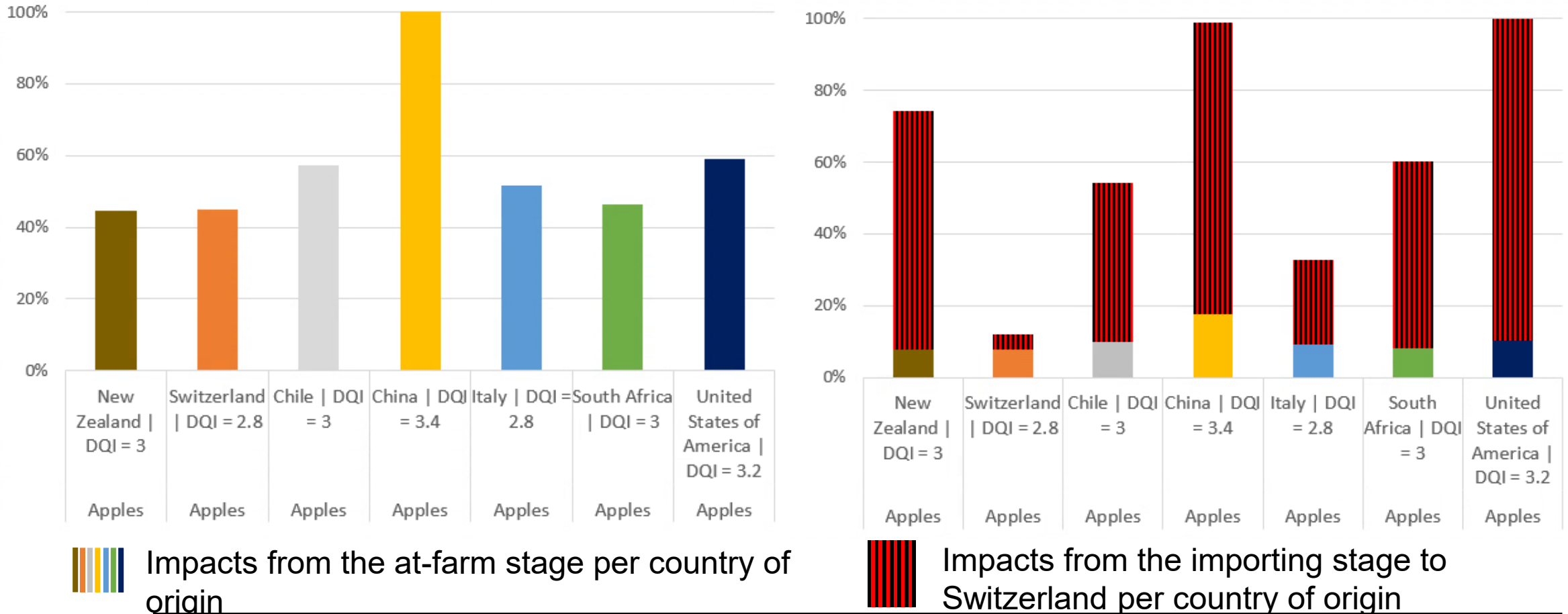
■ Composite Proxy Apples South Africa | DQI = 3

■ Composite Proxy Apples United States of America | DQI = 3.2



# PROXYLCA: Import Stage Can Shift Environmental Performance

## Carbon Footprint Impact for 1kg of Apples (% from country with max impact)



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# PROXYLCA: Conclusion



# Conclusion

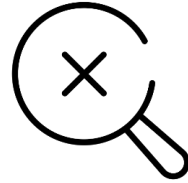


## PROXYLCA:

- Rapidly estimates environmental impact for virtually any products across any countries
- Assesses environmental impacts beyond the carbon footprint
- Simplifies interpretation using principal component analysis



# Conclusion



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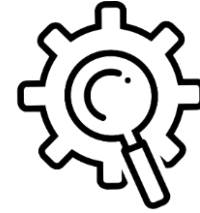
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## Limitations:

- Inherits the same biases of current databases:
  - lack of representation for tropical climate for instance
  - Lack of representation for alternative production system (e.g. organic)



# Conclusion



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- Rapidly estimates environmental impact for virtually any products across any countries
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- Inherits the same biases of current databases:
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  - Lack of representation for alternative production system (e.g. organic)

## Applications:

- Can compare the impacts of different food products produced in countries
- Can estimate the impact of trade as well as the impact of domestic production of food
- Can complement existing models such as CAPRI or SWISSFoodSys



Thank you

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