

# Classification of boar carcasses with a Mass Spectrometry based EN

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## EN specifications

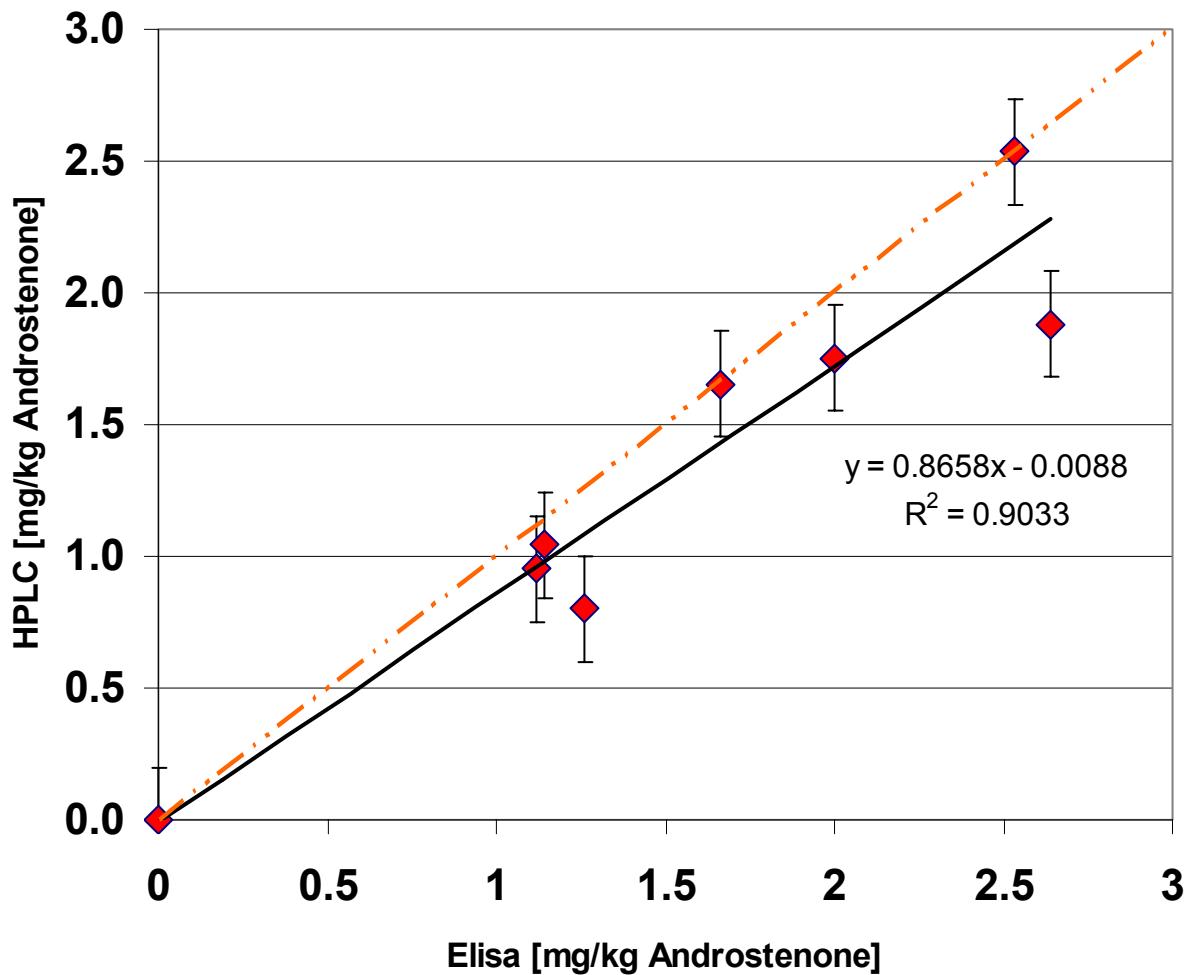
- + Global analysis: Androstenone, Skatol, Indole,...
- + Model corresponding to human classification
- + Limit of detection, ppm A: 0.5? 1? 0.3?; ppm S: 0.1? 0.2?
- + Sensitivity: doubtful samples
- + Speed of analysis: 3500 pigs/day 1750 u/day = 3 u/min
- + Costs

## Definition of boar taint

### Model sample groups

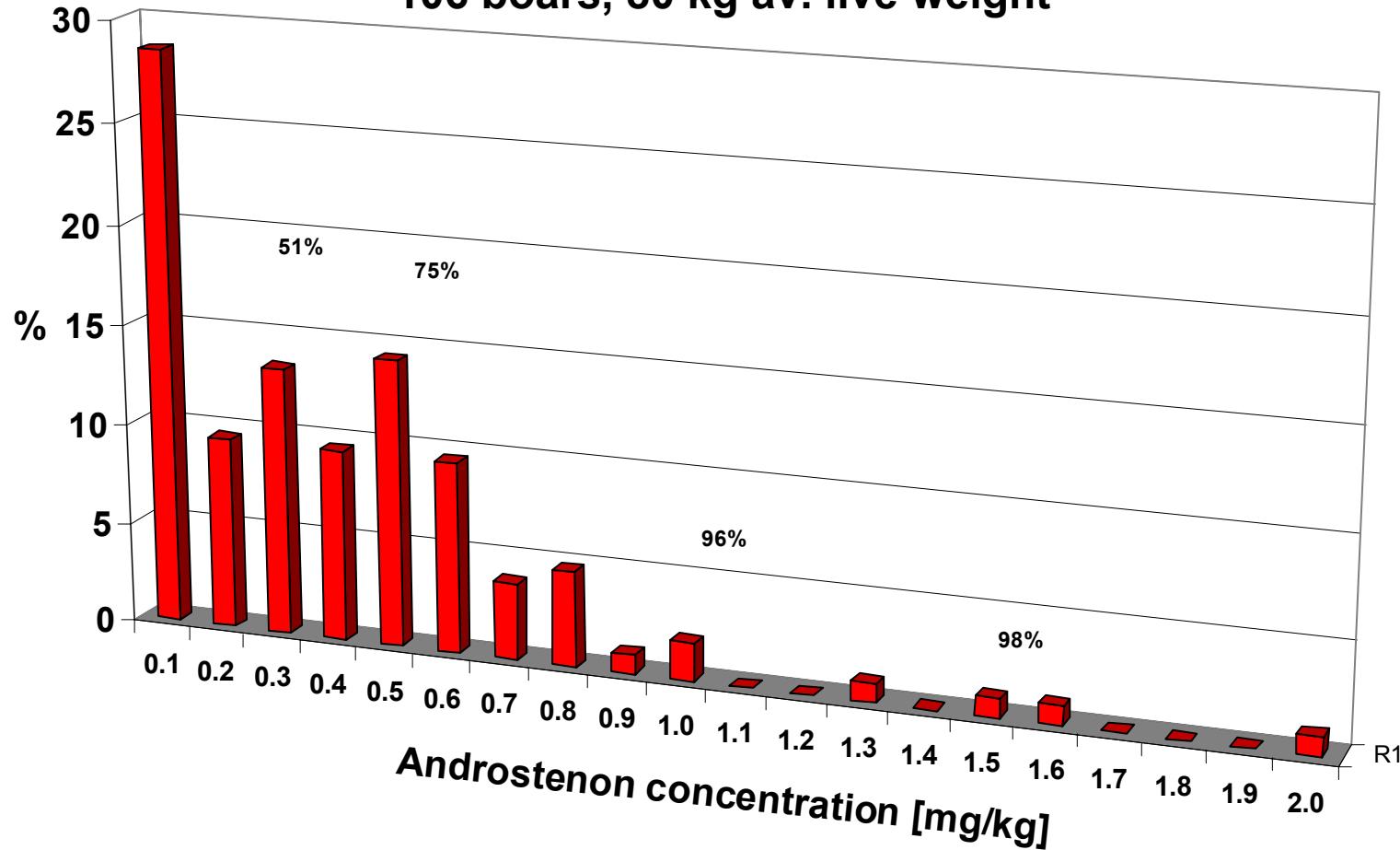
- + Veterinarian discrimination (olfaction of cooked salivary glands, muscular, adipose tissue)
- + Concentration of androstenone, skatol, indol or models (HPLC Elisa, GC,...)
- + Sensory panel analysis (olfaction of heated backfat)
- + Consumers test on meat (cooking odour and flavour)

# HPLC vs ELISA

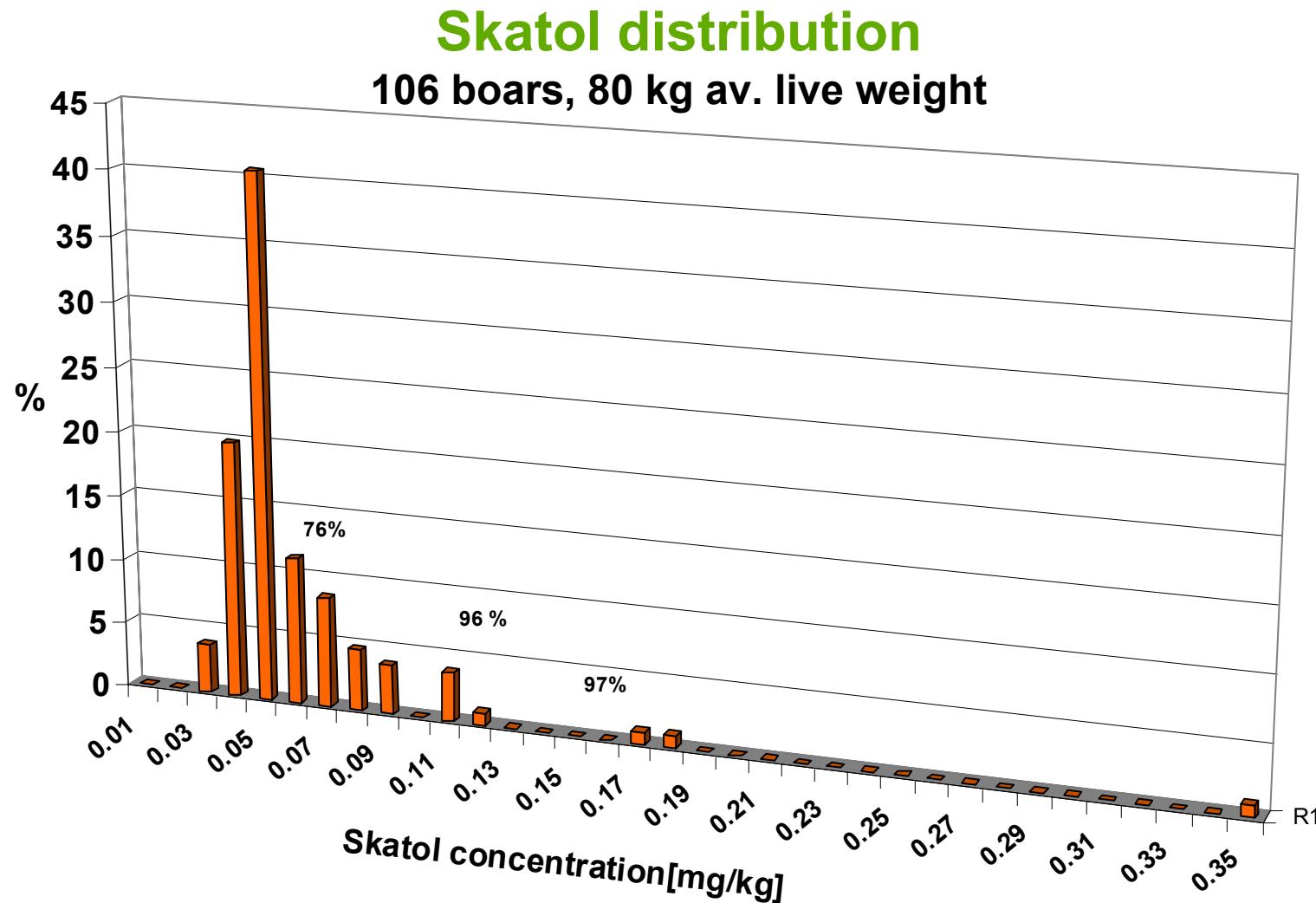


## A Swiss case

### Androstenone distribution 106 boars, 80 kg av. live weight



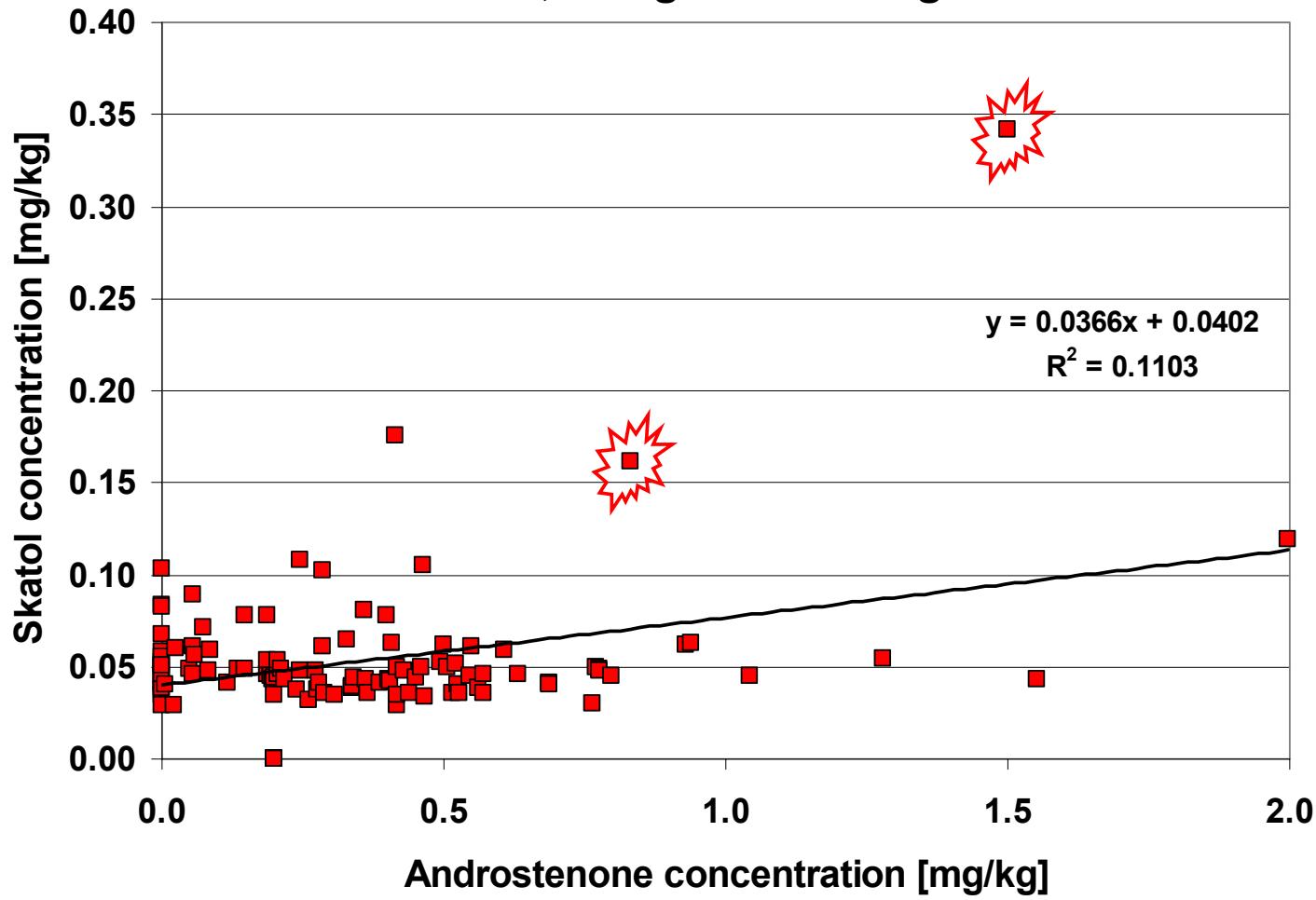
## A Swiss case



## A Swiss case

### Skatol vs Androstenone

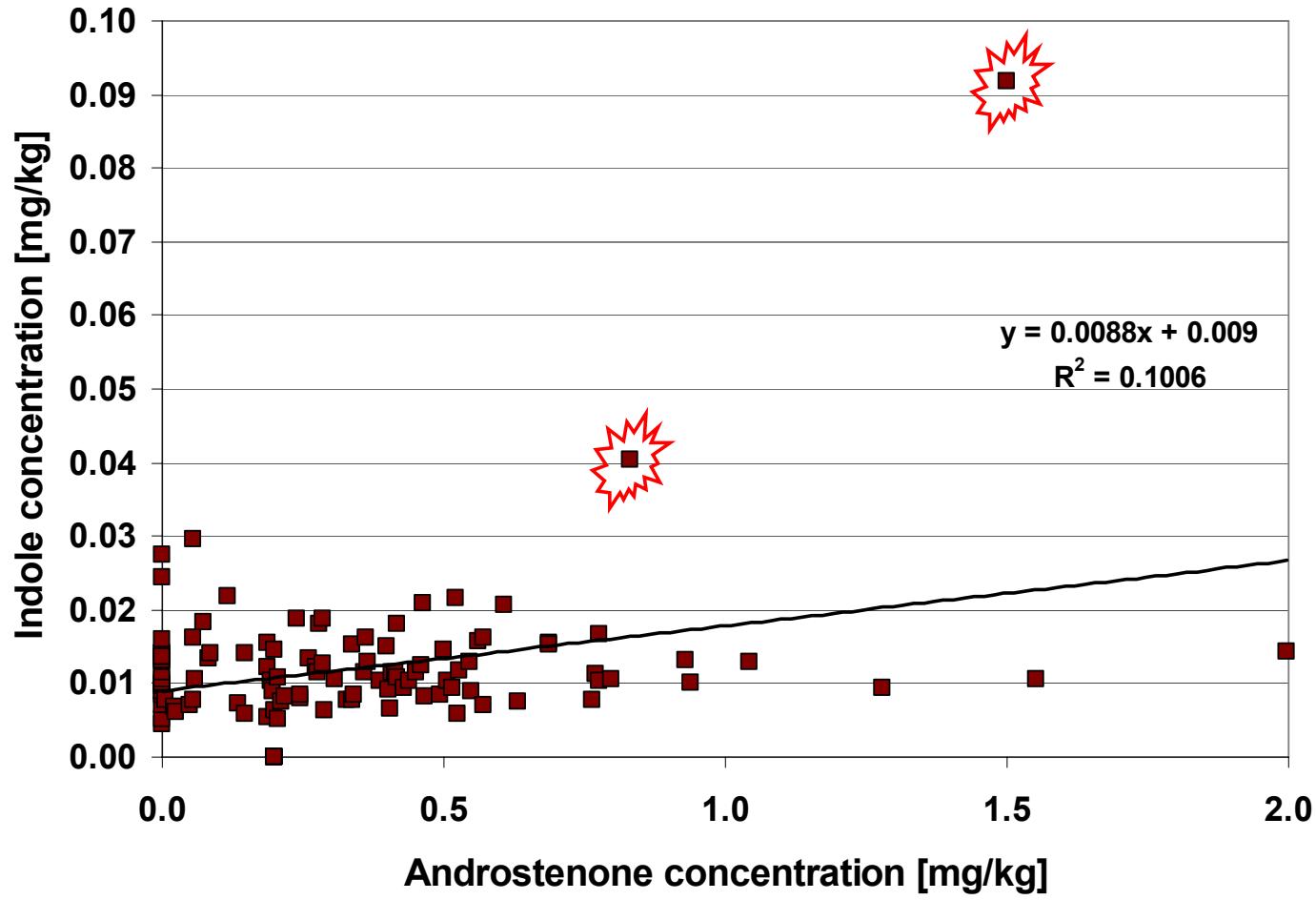
106 boars, 80 kg av. life weight



## A Swiss case

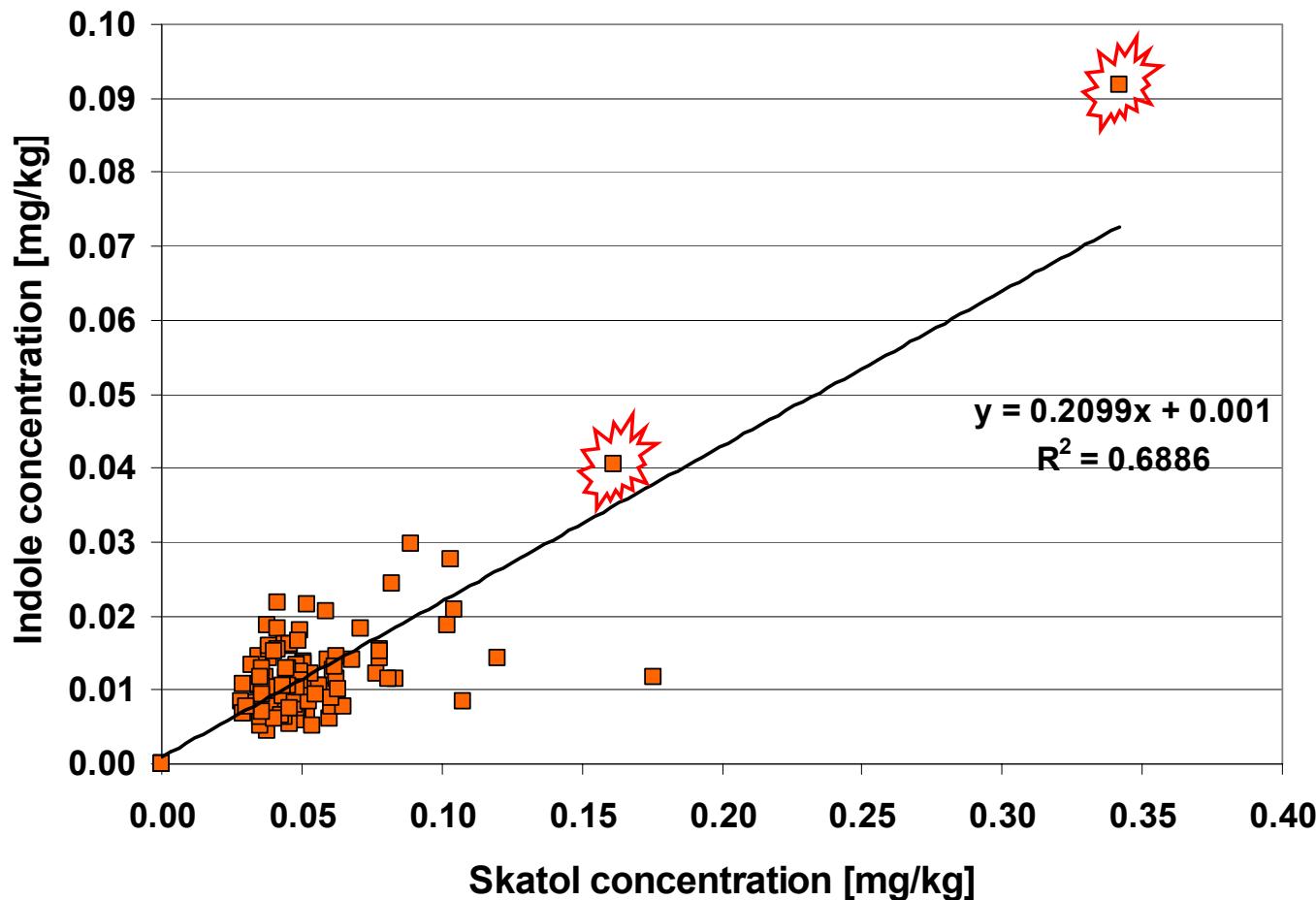
### Indole vs Androstenone

106 boars, 80 kg av. life weight



## A Swiss case

### Indole vs Skatol 106 boars, 80 kg av. life weight



# Sensory panel

## Olfaction of Fat Samples

Samples	Panel	Detection range
29 Positif boars 6 Negatif boars 3 Castrates	29  8	Androstenone: 0,1 0,2 0,3 0,4 ppm Skatol: 0,02 0,03 0,04 ppm

# Sensory panel

## Olfaction of Fat Samples, training



# Sensory panel

## Olfaction of Fat Samples, testing

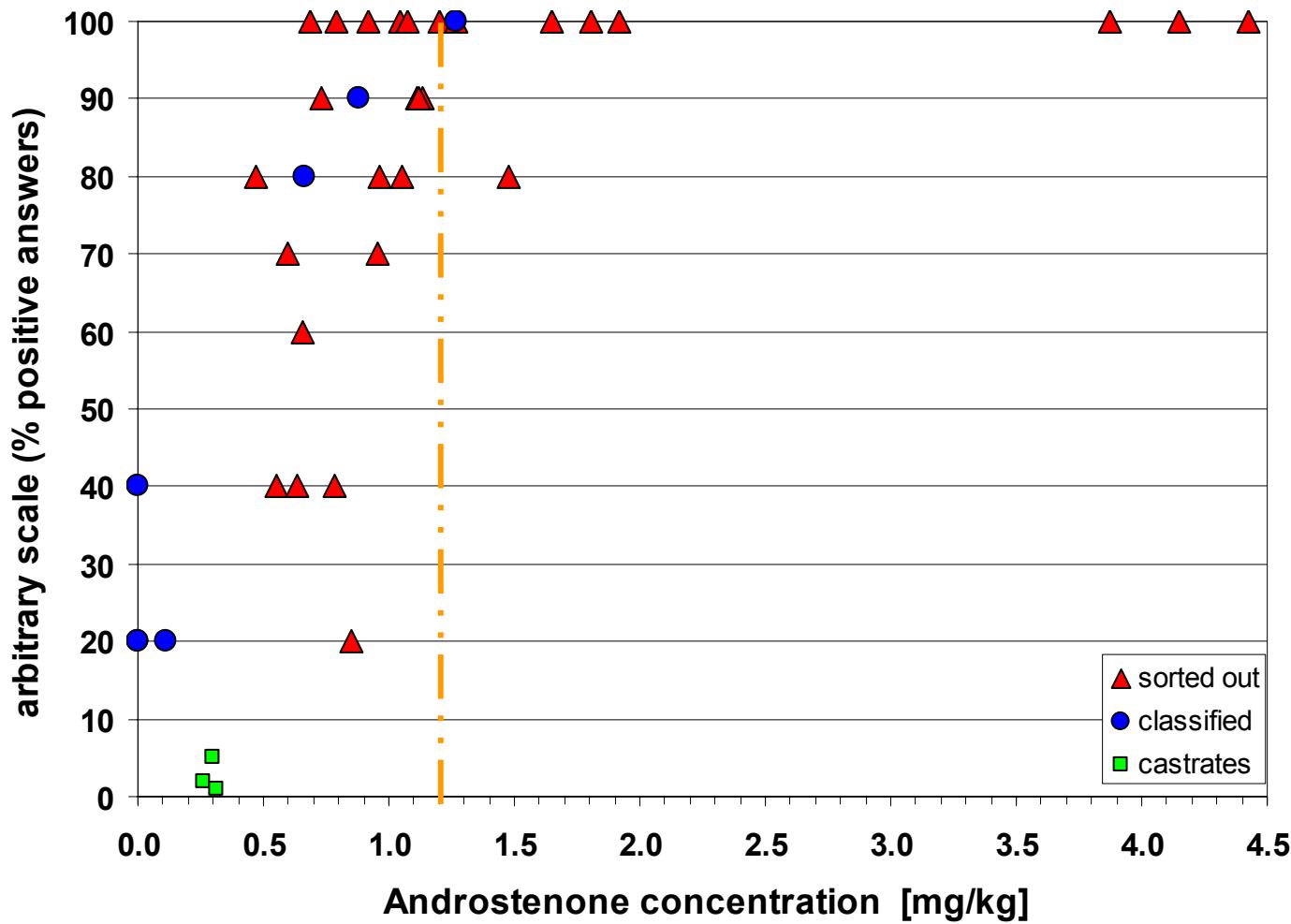
**Test: unknown pairs (1 castrate – 1 sample)**

	Different sure S	Different unsure S?	Same unsure N?	Same sure N
signal	a	b	c	d
noise	e	f	g	h

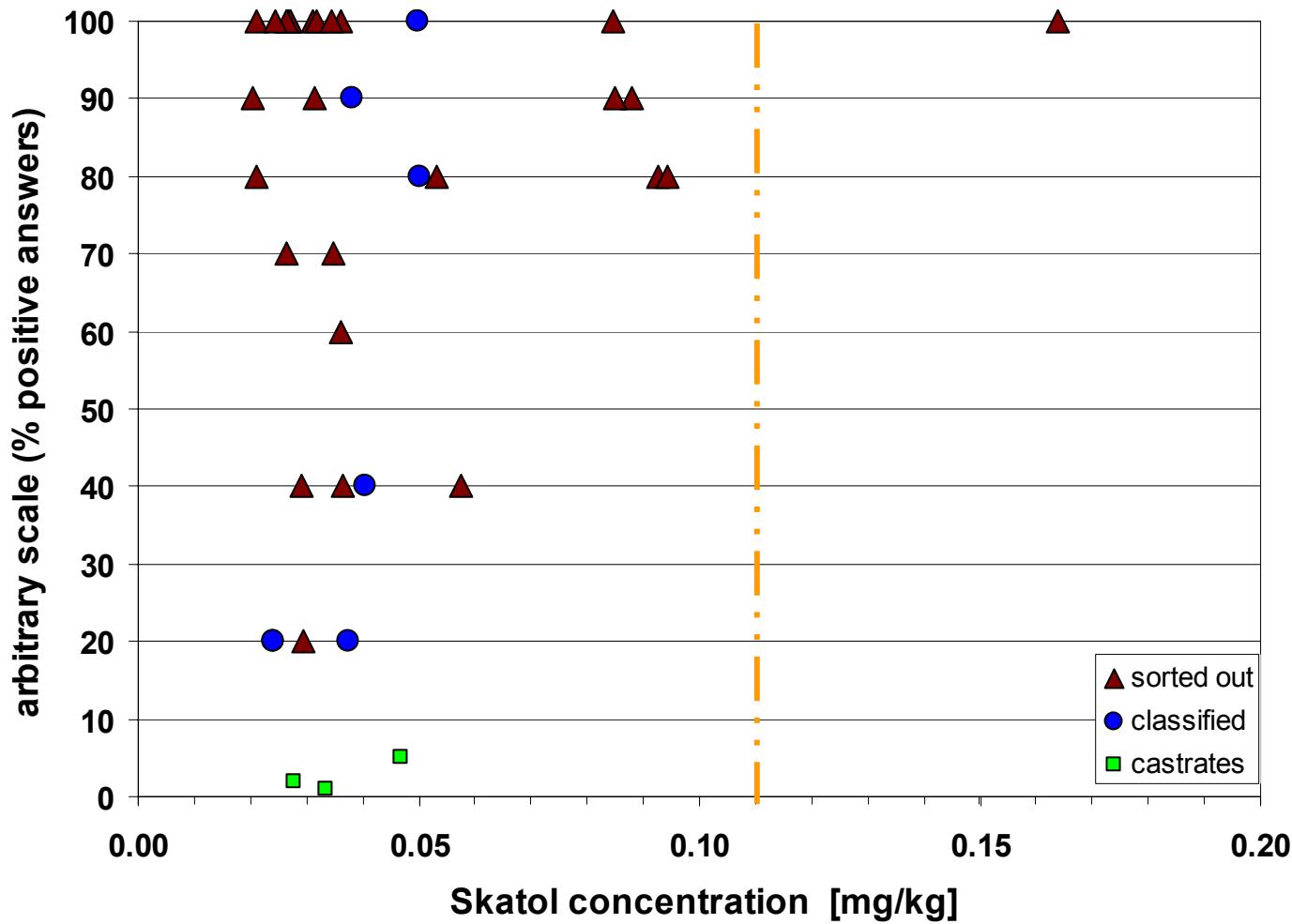
### Statistical analysis: R-index

$$R_i = \frac{a(f+g+h) + b(g+h) + c(h) + 0.5(ae+bf+cg+dh)}{(a+b+c+d)(e+f+g+h)}$$

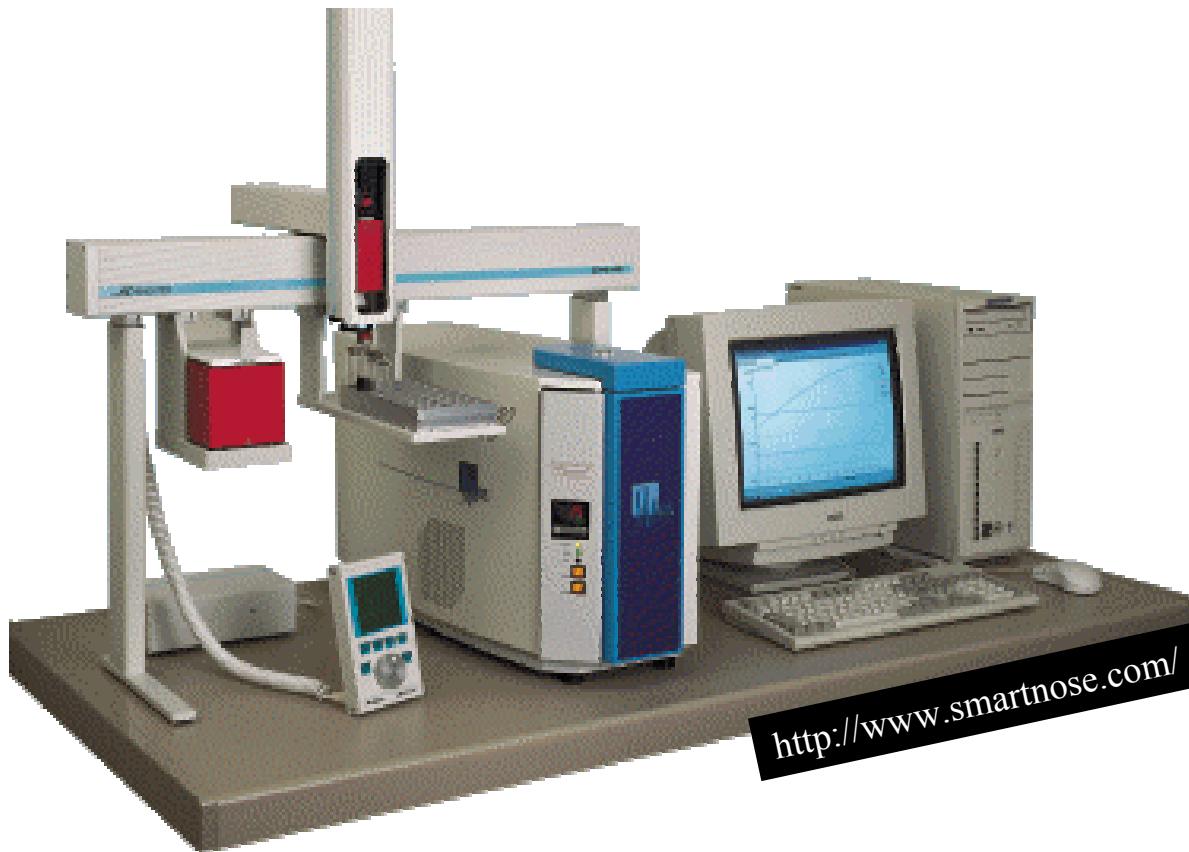
## Sensory panel



## Sensory panel



# Classifying with an EN



Sampling

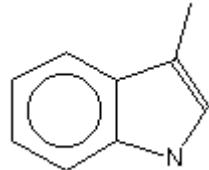


Detection



“Pattern  
recognition”

# Classifying with an EN



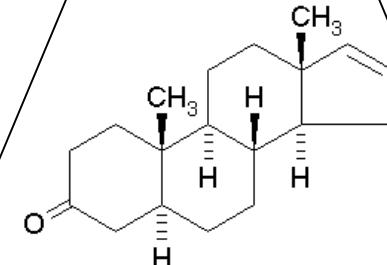
**Skatol**

**MW:** 131.17 g/mol

**BP :** 538.7 °C

$$K = \frac{C_{air}}{C_{matrix}}$$

- Preconcentration  
(SPME, SPDE, Twister)
- Pyrolysis
- Derivatisation



**5α-Androst-16-en-3-one**

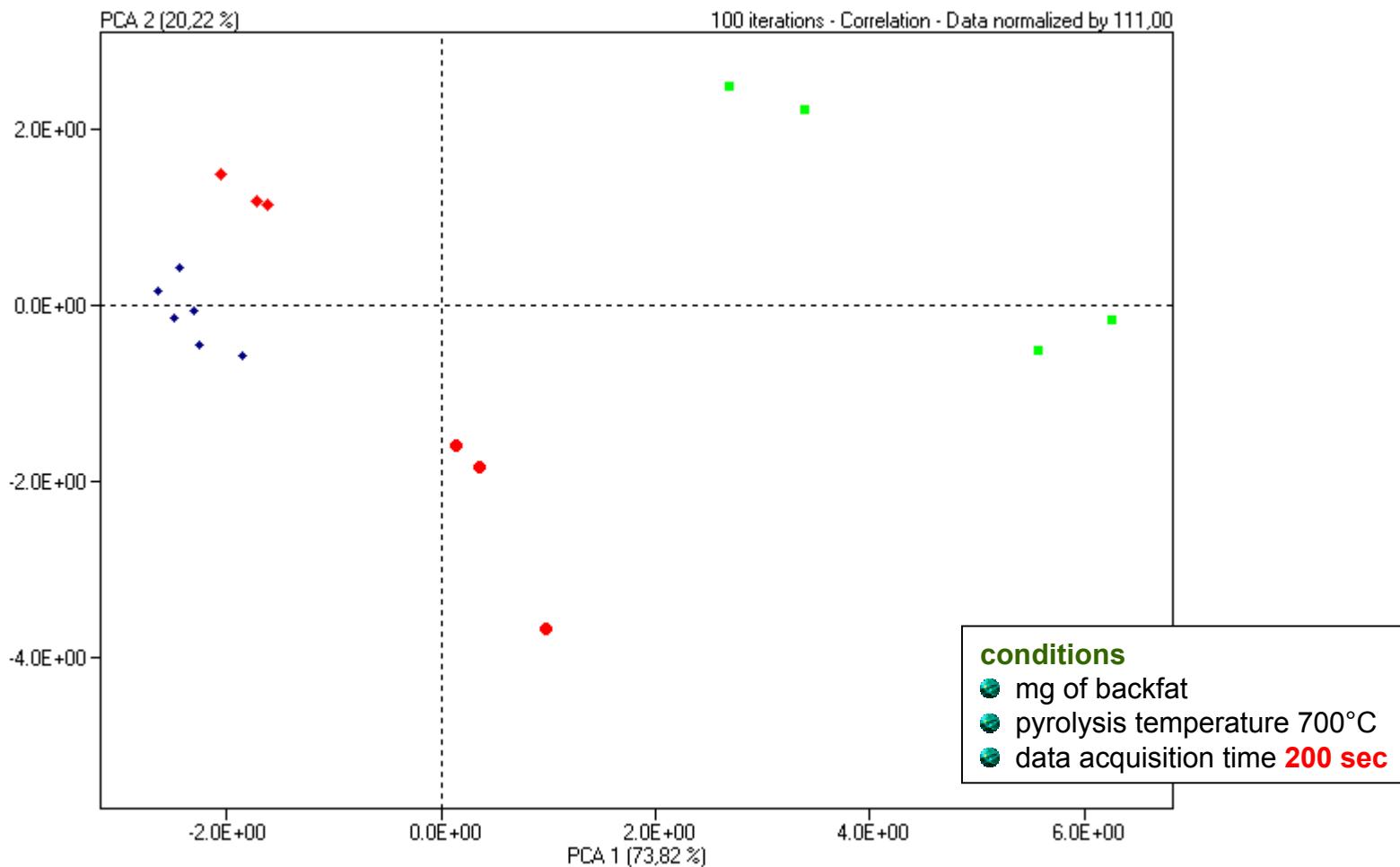
**MW:** 272.4 g/mol

**FP:** 140-145 °C

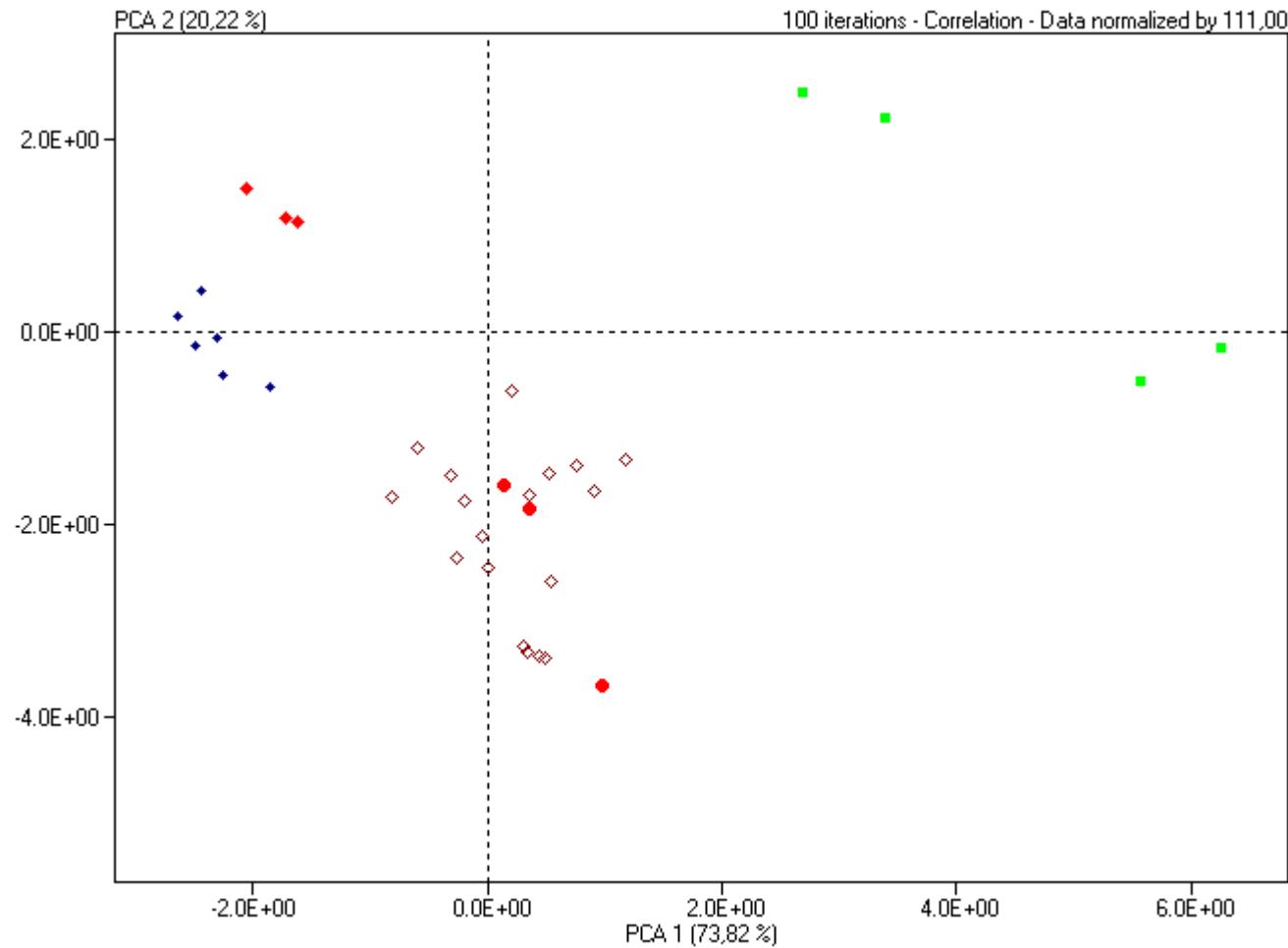
# Boar carcasses classifications, Pyrolysis

	<b>Androstenone</b> (± 0.2 ppm)	<b>Skatol</b> (± 0.05 ppm)	<b>Indole</b> (± 0.05 ppm)
<b>JH_5965</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>0.16</b>	<b>0.07</b>
JH_5913	2.9	0.15	0.02
<b>JH_5956</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>0.48</b>	<b>0.12</b>
JH_5964	1.9	0.09	0.00
JH_5053	1.5	0.09	0.00
JH_6083	1.4	0.09	0.01
JH_5939	1.3	0.09	0.00
JH_6029	1.2	0.11	0.00
JH_5982	1.2	0.12	0.01
<b>JH_6060</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>JH_6087</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>JH_6048</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>0.01</b>
<b>JH_5955</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>0.14</b>	<b>0.01</b>
JH_5068	0.9	0.09	0.00
JH_6082	0.8	0.09	0.00
JH_6091	0.8	0.09	0.00
JH_5966	0.8	0.09	0.00
JH_5087	0.8	0.09	0.00
JH_6069	0.8	0.09	0.00
JH_5075	0.7	0.09	0.00
JH_6032	0.7	0.09	0.00
JH_6108	0.7	0.08	0.00
JH_6065	0.6	0.08	0.00
JH_6062	0.6	0.09	0.00
<b>JH_6078</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>0.00</b>
JH_6080	0.6	0.09	0.00
<b>JH_6105</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>0.01</b>
JH_6086	0.5	0.09	0.00
JH_6042	0.2	0.09	0.00

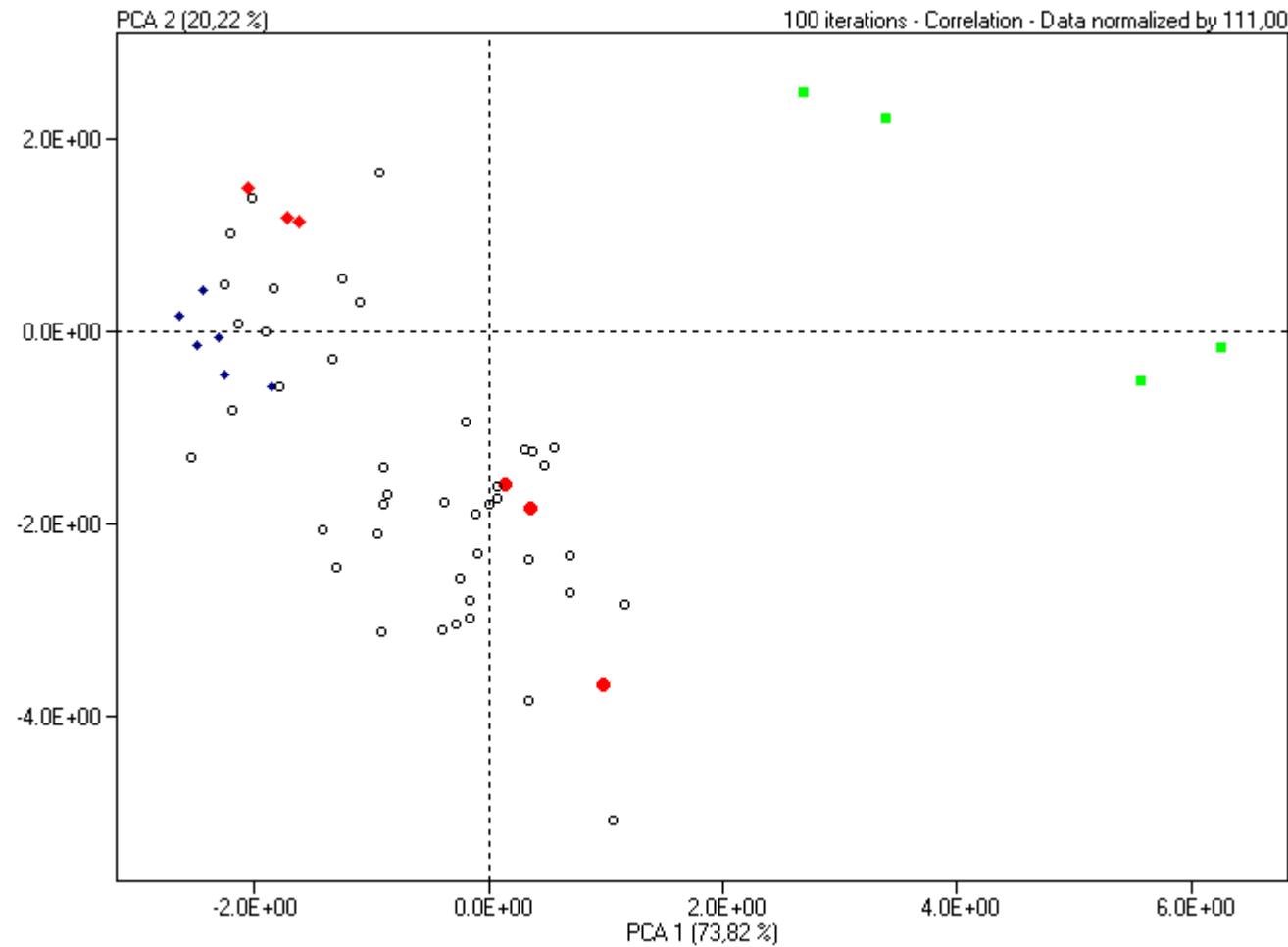
# Boar carcasses classifications, Pyrolysis



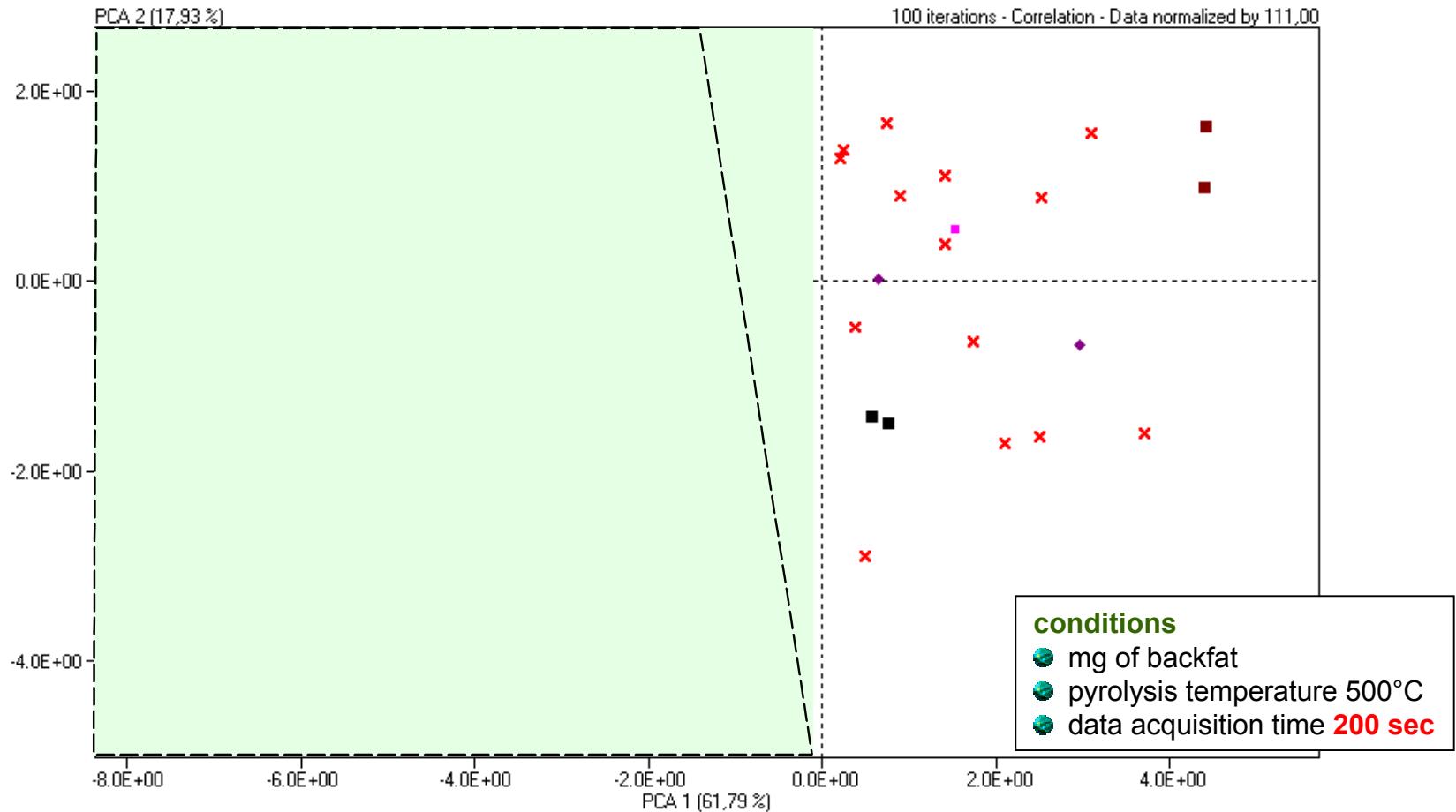
# Boar carcasses classifications, Pyrolysis



# Boar carcasses classifications, Pyrolysis



# Boar carcasses classifications, Pyrolysis



# Conclusions

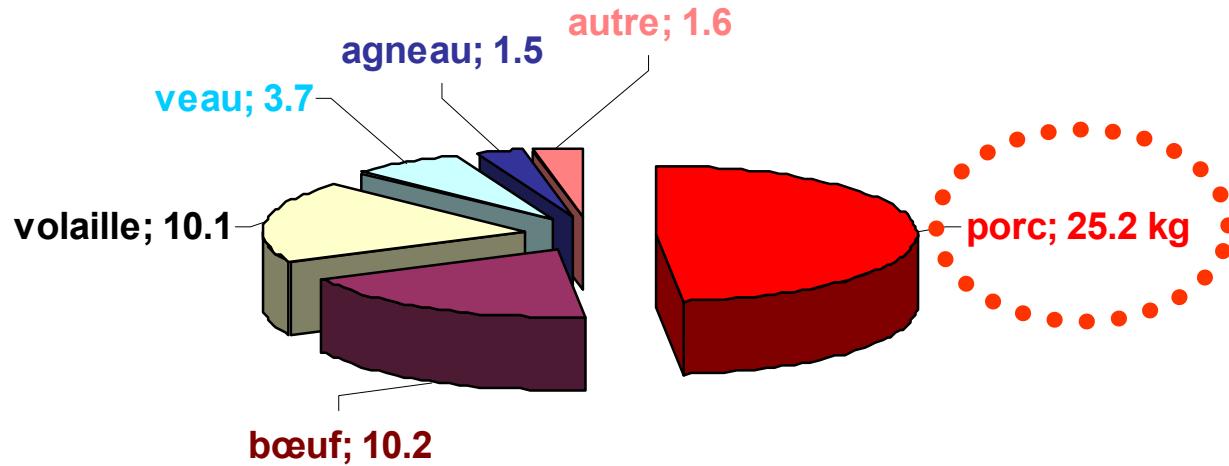
- (Better) definition of model samples
- Standard analytical methods
- Pyrolysis presents several advantages: sensitivity, fastness

# Acknowledgements

OVF  
COOP  
Schweizerischer Tierschutzverein  
Zürcher Tierschutzverein  
Pierre-Alain Dufay  
Sensory panel (29 people)

# L'odeur de verrat

## Consommation de viande en Suisse (kg de viande achetés par personne en 2003)



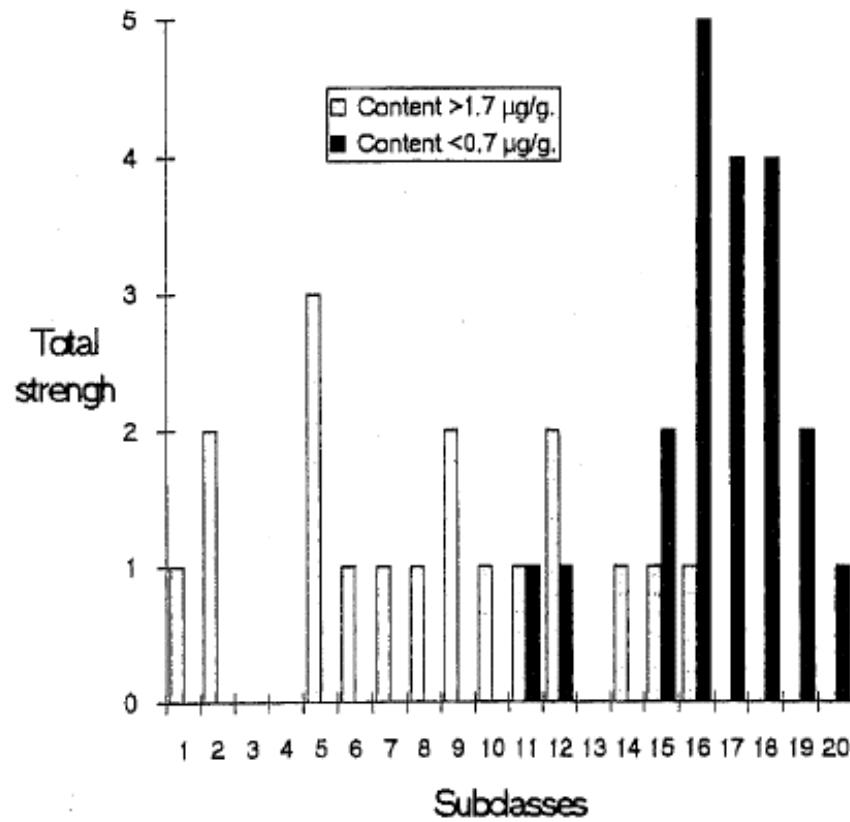
1.3 Mio. porcs mâles castrés en 2003

AGIR 6.05.2003

# Pyrolysis

## Classification de verrats avec un nez électronique-MOS

Echantillons modèle d'après le contenu en androsténone  
38 échantillons de tissu adipeux dorsale

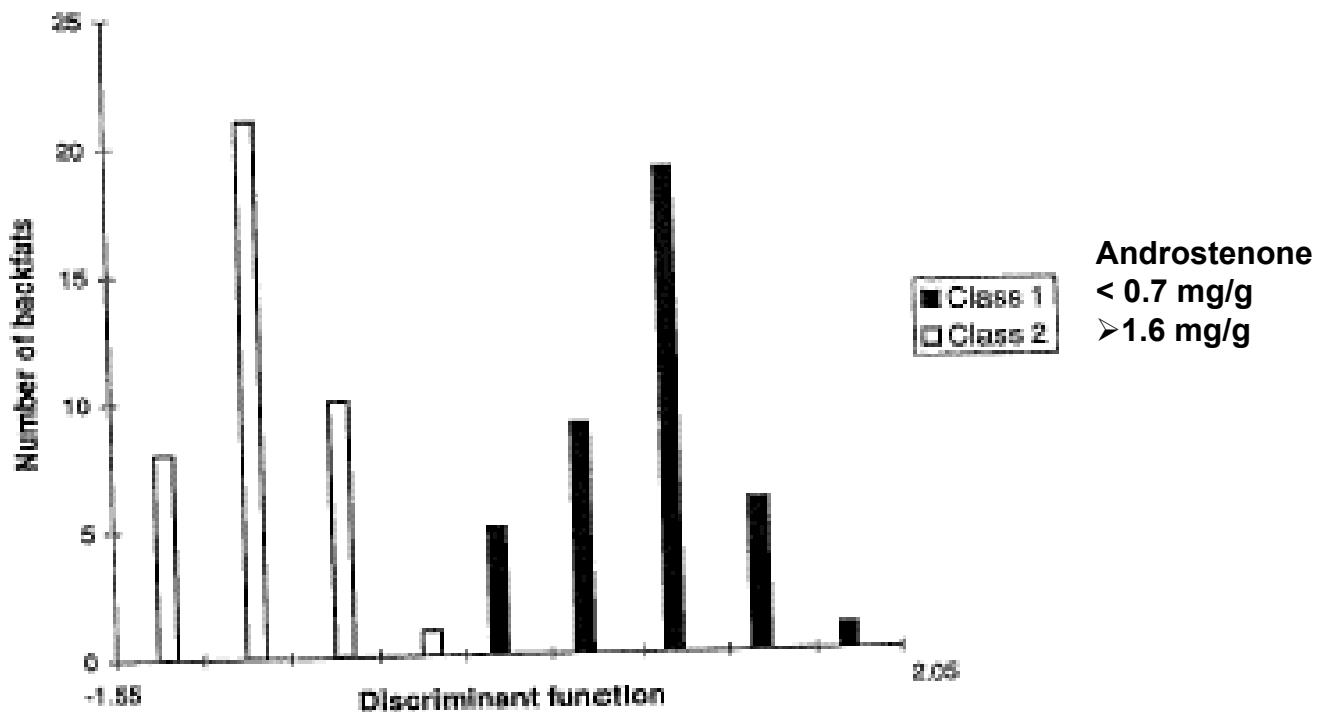


Bourrounet et al, Sensors and Actuators B 26-27 (1995) 250-254

# Le nez électronique; littérature

## Classification de verrats avec un NE pyrolyse-MS

Echantillons modèle d'après le contenu en androsténone  
40 échantillons de tissu adipeux dorsale



Berdagué et al, Science des aliments 16 (1996) 425-433

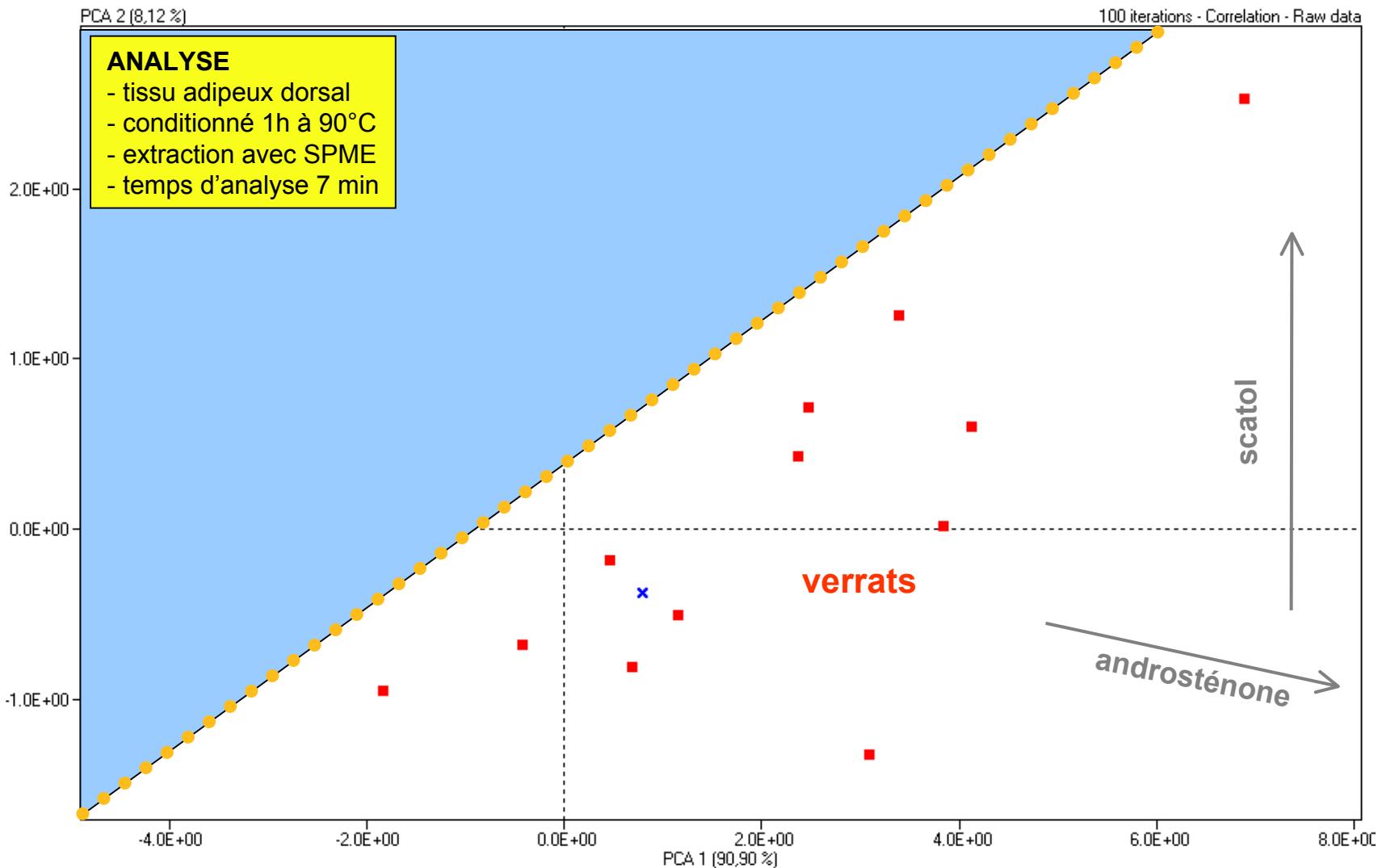
# L'odeur de verrat

## Consumers detection limit

	Limite de détection µg/g	Référence
Androsténone	0.2 – 1 0.5 - 1	Annor-Frempong I (1997) Riux Solé (2001)
Scatol	0.008 – 0.06 0.1 – 0.25	Annor-Frempong I (1997) Riux Solé (2001)

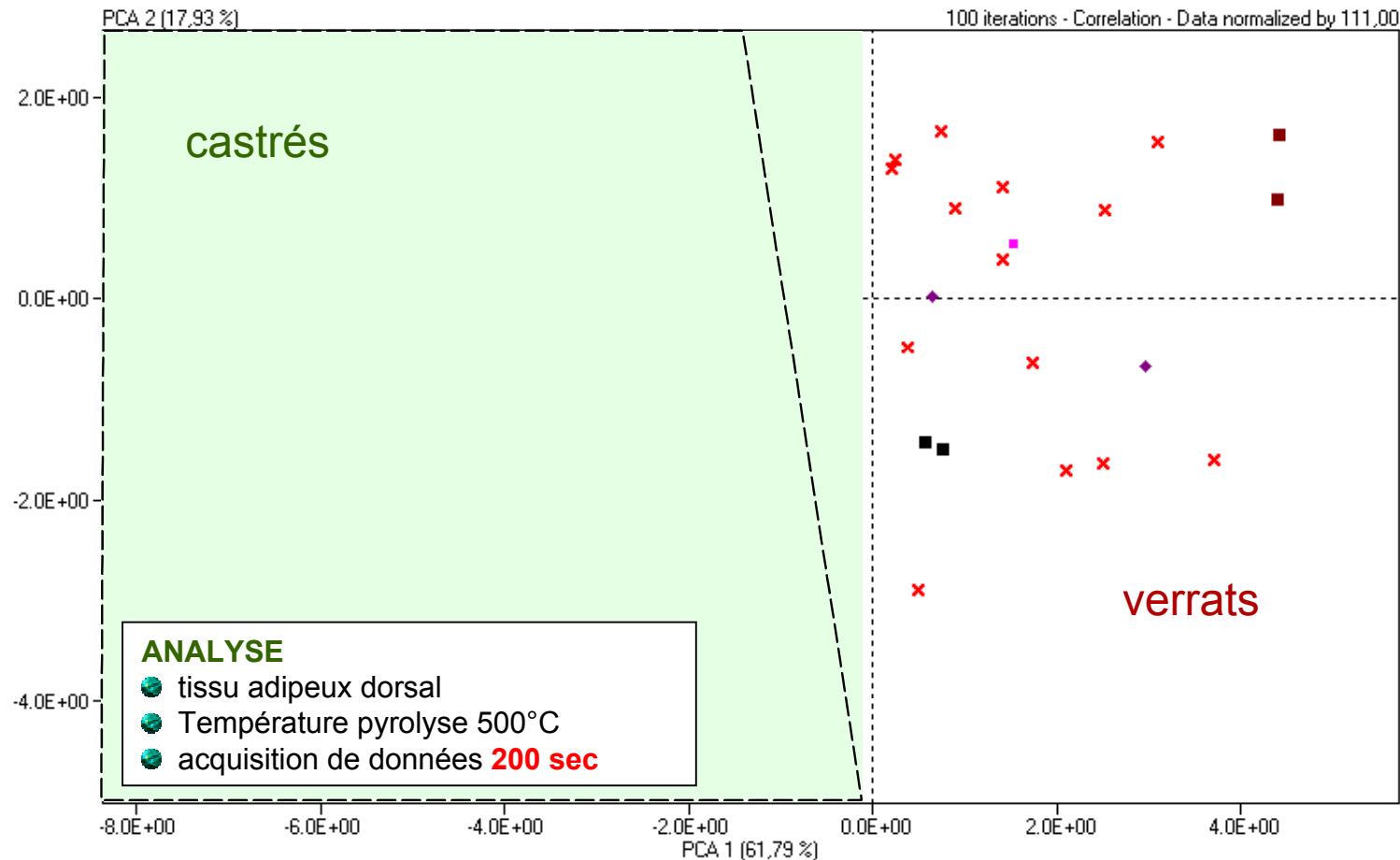
	Carcasses avec odeur	Référence
Androsténone	24 %	Hansen-Moller (1994)
Scatol	58 % 50 %	Hansen-Moller (1994) Riux Solé (2001)
Androst. + scatol	66%	Hansen-Moller (1994) Riux Solé (2001)

# Boar carcasses classifications, SPME

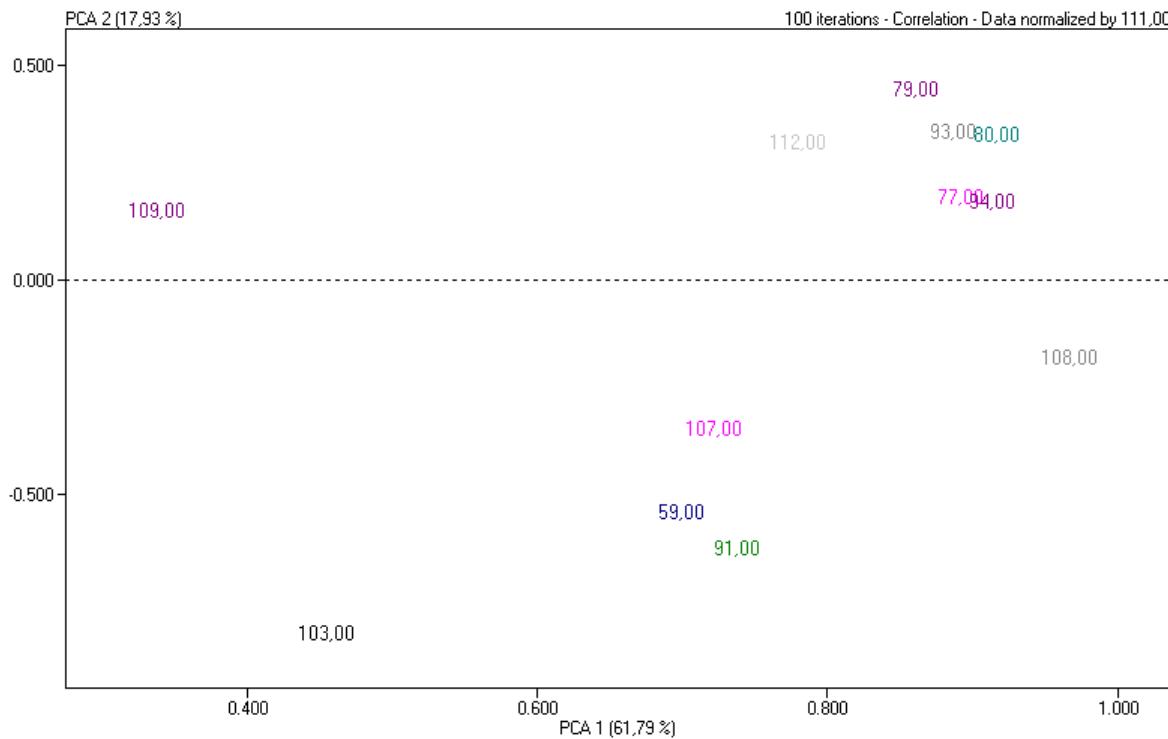


# Boar carcasses classifications, Pyrolysis

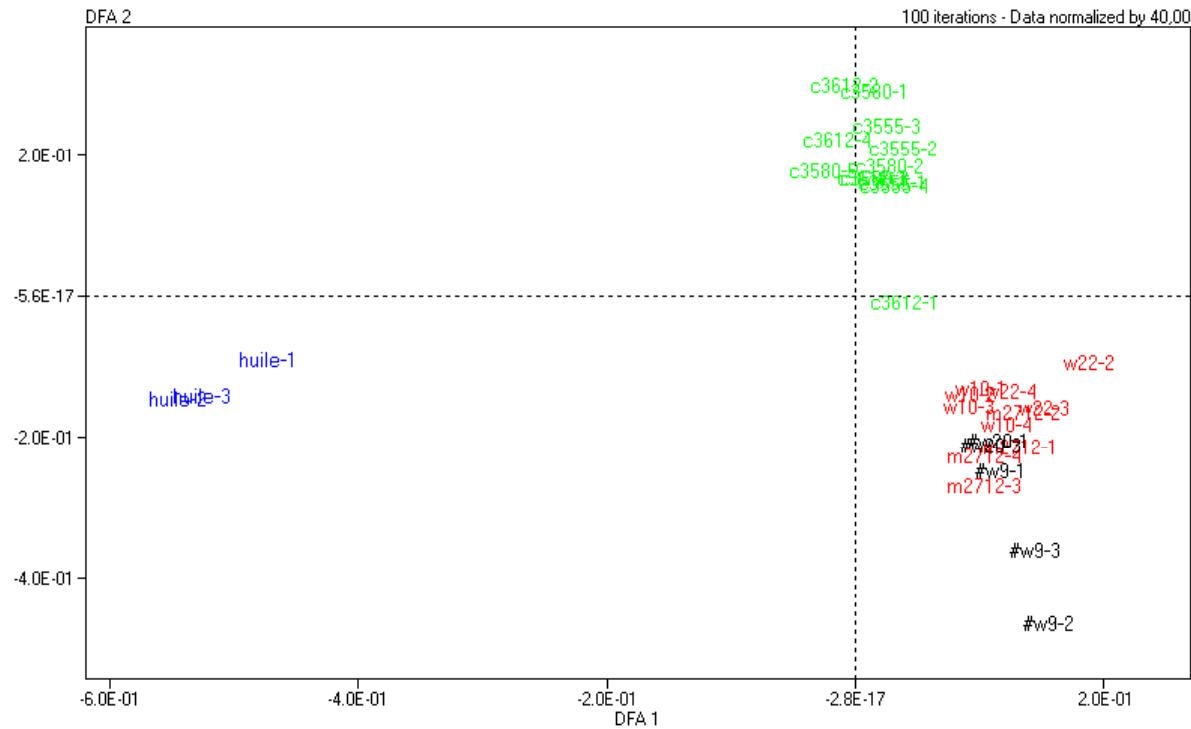
100% classification correcte de castrés et verrats



# Pyrolysis



# Pyrolysis



# Pyrolysis

